The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,519 New Series. BOMBAY :—SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1885.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captains.	FRIDAY 1885.
L. PESHAWUR	3900	600	L. H. Moule	6th Nov.
M. ROME	5013	1000	G. F. Cates	13th "
L. CLYDE	4121	800	E. M. Edmond	20th "
GWALIOR	2733	500	F. Harris	27th "
L. HYDASPES	2984	500	G. Scrivener	4th Dec.
M. PARRAMATTA	4749	900	W. D. Anderson	11th "
L. ANCONA	3128	600	R. G. Murray	18th "
NIZAM	2726	500	W. J. Webber	25th "

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	On 1885.
MIRZAPORE	3887	600	R. Harvey	13th Nov.
CATHAY	2683	500	J. P. Hassall	27th "
NEPAUL	3936	600	T. J. Alderton	11th Dec.

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, October 14, 1885.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON *viâ* Brindisi, including the Continental Railway Fare, are now issued on favorable terms; and return tickets available for two and six months. Tickets can also be obtained which allow passengers to travel 1st class by the steamer and 2nd class by rail from Brindisi to London.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.

STEAMERS leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LONDON direct every four weeks (see general advertisement), and the voyage to the former port is accomplished in 19 days in fair weather (21 days during the Monsoon). The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about 27 hours.

Fares to London, by the sea route or *viâ* Marseilles, including the Railway Fare across the Continent :—
First Class, Rs. 680. Second Class, Rs. 370.
Coupons for the Railway journey must be taken before leaving India.
Return Tickets are also issued, for particulars of which and all other information on the subject, apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.
Bombay, March 27, 1885.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 24th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy and Marseilles, Rs. 500, Rs. 340, Rs. 190, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families will be allowed liberal discount.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Guidebooks.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months, respectively, from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

	Tons. H.P.	
MANILLA	5,000 850	1st Nov. 1885
CHINA	5,000 850	1st Dec. 1885.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000 850	1st Jan. 1886.

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of Sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days to London *viâ* Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples, are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS

BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE, *VIA* CANAL.

Steamers.	Captains	Tons.	H. P.	To sail 1885
ORION	S. Meras	3,500	550	2nd Nov.
PANDORA	G. Mettel	3,500	550	2nd Dec. 1885.
AMPHITRITE	C. Lazzarich	4,500	600	2nd Jan.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wines supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 1st and BRINDISI on the 3rd of each month.

The Company's steam launch will be in attendance at the Apollo-bunder on the day of sailing to convey passengers and their luggage to the steamer, free of charge.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail 1885.
TITANIA	G. Doncich	4,100	600	29th Nov.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., &c., apply to

O. VON HOFFER,
Acting Agent.

Sassoon House, 30, Church-gate-street, Bombay, September 29, 1885.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

	Steamers.	Tons.	Comdrs.	About 1885.
*CLAN	MACDONALD	2,650	Wm. Miller	13th Nov.
* "	MUNROE	2,200	R. H. Botteley	23rd "
"	CAMERON	2,450	F. Ereaut	3rd Dec.
"	BUCHANAN	2,900	H. T. Maypee	13th "
"	GRAHAM	2,250	C. Alexanderson	23rd "
"	MACKENZIE	2,950	Wm. Elliott	4th Jan. 1886

* These steamers do not carry passengers.
Passage Money, Rs. 450.
Special terms for Families and Parties.

To be followed by other first-class steamers at regular intervals.

Each steamer carries a properly qualified Surgeon and Stewardess, and Wines can be had on board at moderate prices.

The steamers have excellent accommodation for first-class passengers.

For further particulars, apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 15th October, 1885.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

THE following Sailings have been arranged :—

	Capt.	Tons H.P.	On or about
S.S. MACTON HALL	Barnes	4,100 500	7th Nov. 1885
S.S. RYDAL HALL	Buck	2,700 400	25th " "

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

For further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 6th Oct. 1885

Rs. 25.—For Rupees Twenty-five we send to any part of India, free of Postage and Packing charges, one of our crystal-faced

CELEBRATED ORIGINAL CAMPAIGN WATCHES.

The Watches are so well known for their decided superiority that we need not further dwell on their merits. Guarantee two years.

FAVRE-LEUBA AND CO.

Beware of Imitations sold under similar names at much cheaper rates. We do not supply these Watches to the trade.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "EUPHRATES," 803 tons, on FRIDAY, 6th November, at 11 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangarole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandvie, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on MONDAY, 2nd November, at 11 a.m., (unless delayed by non-arrival of outward English Mail) calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Muscat, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 tons, on THURSDAY, 5th November, at 5 p.m.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHANDA," 2,022 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 4th November, at 4 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 30th October, 1885. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLINICAL THERMOMETERS,
SELF-REGISTERING,
OF GUARANTEED ACCURACY.

	Rs. a.
ARNOLD'S POCKET, in Sterling Silver Case, with Bayonet Catch	each 10 0
TREACHER & Co.'s 7 inches long, in Lined Walnut Pocket case	" 6 8
TREACHER & Co.'s 6 inches long, with *Indestructible* index, in partridge wood cases	" 5 0
TREACHER & Co.'s 6 inches long, with *Indestructible* index and *magnifying* lens front, in Ebony cases	" 6 8
ALLBUTT'S (Dr. Clifford) Self-registering, 4, 5, and 6 inches long, in Lined Box-wood cases for the Pocket, with a certificate as to accuracy from the Royal Observatory at Kew	" 6 0

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
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BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

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CLOTH BOUND OFFICE EDITIONS No. 8 octavo, Note Paper size, one day to a page, 7½ by 5	3 12
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" " " No. 11, octavo, Note Paper size, 7½ by 5. A week in an opening	2 8
" " " No. 12, Engr. small octavo size, 6½ by 3¾. Two days to a page	2 8
" " " No. 11D, octavo, Note Paper size, 7½ by 5. Three days in an opening, left page for Memos. and right for Accounts, 7½ by 5	2 14
" " " No. 13, small octavo size, 6½ by 3¼. A week in an opening	1 8
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" " " No. 38C, long narrow quarto size, 13 by 4½. A week in an opening	1 8
POCKET EDITION TUCK, No. 18, 5 by 3¼	1 2
" " " No. 20, 4 by 3	1 2
LOOSE MOROCCO LEATHER CASES with Lock and Key.	7 8
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" " " No. 31, Do. interleaved with blotting paper	1 8
" " " No. 32, Folio Foolscape size, 12½ by 8. A week on a page	0 14
" " " No. 32, Do. interleaved with blotting paper	1 2
" " " No. 33, Do. Quarto. A week in an opening, with space for Sundays, 10 by 8	0 14
" " " No. 33, Do. interleaved with blotting paper	1 2
" " " No. 34, Quarto. Six days to a page. Sundays at foot, interleaved, 10 by 8	0 10
" " " No. 35, Octavo, Note Paper size. A week in an opening, with space for Sundays, 7½ by 4½	0 10
" " " No. 35, Do. interleaved with blotting paper	0 14
" " " No. 37, Folio, Universal Diary, 12½ by 8. A week on a page, interleaved with blotting paper	0 10
" " " No. 40, Quarto. A week in an opening. Interleaved with blotting paper, 10 by 8	0 14
TABLET DIARY AND BLOTTING PAD	0 14

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TO BE LET at Bandora, on one of the best positions one or two very desirable BUNGALOWS Rent moderate. For further particulars, apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

TO BE LET from 1st December next, SECOND FLOOR of a HOUSE in Mody Bay, now in the occupation of P. Garrard, Esq., for a residence, Rent Rs. 85. It commands a charming view of the Harbour and open to the westerly breeze from all sides. For further particulars, apply to

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TO BE LET, on the very top of Chinchpoogly Hill, an upperstoreyed BUNGALOW, known as "The Cliff" or Kirkham's House, commanding a most charming panoramic view all round Bombay, it consists of a drawing, a dining, and four bed, dress, and bathrooms, and verandah on two sides. Rent moderate. For further particulars, apply to

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NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the year ending 30th June, 1885, of Rs. 12 per share will be payable on application on and after the 29th instant, to Registered Shareholders, on 22nd October, 1885.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Bombay, 26th October, 1885. Managers.

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Claret	qts. Rs.	13	0 per doz.
"	pts. "	7	4 "
Hermitage, (a fine clarety Wine)	qts. "	17	8 "
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Chablish	qts. "	18	0 "
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Silver double case Keyless lever 19 best quality at ..... Rs. 45
" " " Key winder ¾ plate lever 17 ..... " 25
" ¾ hunter keyless lever 19 ..... " 38
" ¾ " key winder ¾ plate lever 16 ..... " 26
" open face keyless lever 18 best quality ..... " 35
" " " " cyl. " " ..... " 28
" " " key winder " " ..... " 25
Metal hunting keyless lever campaign watch with bold hands and figues on the dial, stands any amount of rough ware ..... " 22
Metal open face " " " " " 22
" " " " strong and serviceable original campaign, ... " 20
Metal Compass watch, very suitable for navigators and surveyors ..... " 30
" Waterproof " ..... " 32

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FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.

THOMSON and TAYLOR'S blend of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON AND ISLAY rank, amongst the finest of Whiskies imported into this country. It is a rich, mellow and soft Spirit, genuine and wholesome. A trial is solicited from all who appreciate

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Shipments arrive regularly direct from Scotland, so that Clubs and Messes can be promptly supplied. Price per dozen, Rs. 23; per bottle, Rs. 2, cash.

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	Rs. a
Ladies' Black Satin Parasols lined with Cardinal and Old Gold and Lace edge	3 12
Little girls' Ditto Ditto	2 15
Ladies' Tan, Pink, Blue and Cream, 8wede Gloves, 6 Buttons	1 4
Ladies' Silk Gloves, Old Gold, Navy, Pink, Blue Black, etc., 6 Buttons	1 8
Ladies, Sailor Hats with coloured ribband	2 8
Ditto untrimmmed, in white or Black Straw	1 8
Children's Straw Hats with coloured ribbon	1 8
Ditto, Superior	2 0
Black Merino	0 12 yard
Damask Table Napkins, Hemmed	7 8 doz.
" Teacoy Cloths	1 8 each
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" Hose, Black and Coloured	1 4 pair
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Cricket "	1 12 yard
Towels, Honey-comb, etc	0 4 each
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EAST-STREET, POONA.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.,
BOMBAY.

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Rs. a.	Rs. a.		Rs. a.	Rs. a.
51 8	53 8	Curacao, Amsterdam, Orange and White	54 0	56 0
... 7 8		Chartreuse, green, per bottle	7 12	...
... 6 8		Do. yellow	6 12	...
61 8	63 8	Benedictine from the Monastery	64 8	67 8
53 4	57 0	Maraschino de Zara, best	55 8	59 8
49 8	...	Noyeau de Martinique	51 8	...
38 8	...	Kümmell, finest Riga	40 0	...
40 4	42 4	Cherry Brandy, best Copenhagen	42 0	44 0
27 0	...	Orange Bitters, best	28 0	...
15 8	...	Vermouth	16 0	...
... 28 8		Assorted Liqueurs, choice, per doz. pts.	...	29 8
13 8	...	Lime-Juice Cordial	14 0	...
		BEER.		
5 8	3 12	Bass's Champagne Ale, "The Bull Dog" Bottling	5 12	4 0
5 8	3 12	Guinness's Extra Stout, "The Bull Dog" Bottling	5 12	4 0
5 0	3 8	German Pale Ale	5 4	3 12
5 0	3 8	Pilsener Beer	5 4	3 12
		CIDER.		
6 8	4 0	Champagne Cider	7 0	4 4
6 8	...	Norfolk "Dry, sparkling Cider"	7 0	...
4 0	2 4	Minerva Mineral Water	4 4	2 8

CASH. Per Gallon. without Jar. Rs. a.			CREDIT. Per Gallon without Jar. Rs. a.
		COGNAC IN JARS.	
15 8	Cognac ****	Very superior Old Pale	16 0
13 8	" ***	Superior Old Pale	14 0
11 12	" **	Fine Old, very soft	12 0
10 12	" *	Capital Peg, finest	11 0

WHISKY IN JARS.

9 0 Irish and Scotch, A 1 quality our own shipping 9 4

The Jars can be returned for refilling. We keep stocks of Cognacs and Whiskies in Wood. An allowance for the Jar will be made deducting all outlay for carriage to Godown.

Empty Jars for do. ... ... 1 gal. Rs. 2-0 each.
Do. do. do. ... ... 2 " " 3 0 "
Do. do. do. ... ... 4 " " 4 0 "

Wood Taps, Re. 1-8 each. Plated Taps, Rs. 4 each.

CASH.				CREDIT.			
4 Gls.	13½ Gals.	27 Gals.	54 Gals.	4 Gls.	13½ Gals.	27 Gals.	54 Gals.
Per Jar	Octve	Qtr Cask	Hhd	Per Jar.	Octve	Qtr. Cask.	Hhd.
Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
40 0	118 0	226 0	439 0	42 0	128 0	246 0	478 0

SHERRY IN WOOD AND JARS.

MANZANILLA.

CLARET IN WOOD.

Hhd. 48 Gals. Rs. a.		Hhd. 48 Gals. Rs. a.
224 0	St. Estephe	220 8
178 0	Medoc	186 0

Of these we keep Stocks from October to March only.

TRADERS AND MESS ALLOWANCES FROM ABOVE PRICES ON APPLICATION.

THE BHOWNUGGUR COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE ADJOURNED EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders in the Bhownugger Cotton Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7 Hummum-street, Bombay, on SATURDAY next, the 31st instant, at 3 o'clock, in the afternoon, to take a poll on the following amendment proposed :—

"That Messrs. C. H. R. Forbes and Luchmidass Khimjee be appointed liquidators of the Company and that their remuneration be five per cent. commission on the amount of assets distributed to the Shareholders."

By Order of the Directors,
H. HYDE CHEETHAM & CO.,
Secretaries.
7, Hummum-street, Bombay, 27th October, 1885.

MAP OF CHINA
AND
SEAT OF WAR IN THE FAR EAST.

Size, 36 inches × 30 inches.

Mounted on Cloth and Rollers.

COLOURED.

Price, Re. 1; postage, one anna.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

GRAND OPENING OF THE BOMBAY SEASON
BY THE
ENGLISH OPERA BOUFFE OMPANY.
THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5TH.
FIRST PR DUCTION ON A GRAND SCALE OF
GILBERT AND SULLIVAN'S COMIC OPERA.
THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE.
Reserved Seats at SOUNDY & Co.
N. SALINGER,
Business Manager.

GAIETY THEATRE.

THE ENGLISH COMEDY, & VARIETY CO.
BENEFIT
MISS MAY ANDERSON,
TUESDAY, 3RD NOVEMBER,
Under the patronage and presence of
BRIGADIER-GENERAL C. T. HEATHCOTE C.B.
OPERETTA,
RETAINED ON BOTH SIDES.
GORGEOUS BURLESQUE.
BLACK-EYED SUSAN.
LOCAL HITS; NEW SONGS; SPECIALTY DANCES.
Tickets at SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

TOM SAYERS'

GREAT BOHEMIAN BAND.

TEMPLE BAR,

EVERY EVENING AT 9.

WANTED

A BAND SAW to CUT WOOD eighteen inches thick,
also a Richards Patent mortising machine to take in wood eleven inches deep.
Both to be in perfect working order.
Apply to Executive Engineer, Aqueduct Division, Nadral, N.-W. Provinces.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS SEVEN CURRENCY NOTES of Rupees Five Hundred each and numbered M-38 77146, 68865, 76047, 76827, 77066, 77002 and 6670, respectively were with other Notes and Cash fraudulently obtained and removed on the 28th instant, any person or persons possessing any information regarding the same will be good enough to communicate with the undersigned at their Office, No. 20, Esplanade-road.—Dated this 29th day of October, 1885.

PAYNE, GILBERT, & SAYANI,
Solicitors, High Court.

COMMISSARIAT NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on MONDAY next, the 2nd proximo, at 11 o'clock a.m. by the Commissariat Storekeeper-General for the supply of 5,000 maunds of WHEAT required for Quotta as per Schedule.
Forms of Tenders with further particulars can be obtained from the above Officer.

Comst. Storekeeper-General.
Comst. Storekeeper-Genl.'s Office, Bombay, 30th Oct. 1885.

NOTICE is hereby given that KHUTREE SHAMJEE MEGHJEE and HERJEE MOORARJEE have contracted to SELL all that piece or parcel of land or ground, whereof Mr. M. G. De Souza is the Fazendar, together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses, chawls and ranges of buildings erected thereon, situate, lying and being in and fronting on the East side of Deisle-road, in the registration sub-district of Mandvie, in the Island of Bombay, now in the occupation of the said Khutree Shamjee Meghjee and Heerjee Moorarjee and their tenants, containing by admeasurement 1359 square yards or thereabouts, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under old Nos. 118, 119, 120, 121, and 123 and new Nos. 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 1 and 2 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the east by the vacant ground of Mr. Muncherjee Framjee Cama, on or towards the west by the Deisle-road aforesaid, on or towards the north by the property of Bhoga Ruttonsey and on or towards the south by the property formerly of Tapidas Candas, and now of Fatmabai, widow of Hajee Adum Hajee Esmail, all persons having any claims against or to the said property either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, lien, lease, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 29, Meadow-street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.—Dated this 30th day of October, 1885.

NANU & HORMUSJEE,
Purchaser's Solicitors.

SOUNDY & Co., LD.

BOMBAY MUSIC SALOONS.

PIANOS { Intending Purchasers should see our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.
PIANOS { With complete Iron Frames, no other kind kept in stock.
PIANOS { The largest and best Stock in India to select from.
PIANOS { By Collard and Collard, Kaps, Roenisch, Gerard, Adams and others.
PIANOS { By all the best makers at lowest price for Cash.
PIANOS { By Schiedmayer of Stuttgart, made to our special design, not obtainable elsewhere.
PIANOS { On the Hire purchase system by monthly payments of Rs. 25.
PIANOS { Sympathetic Grand Squares, Oblique Bread, short Iron Grands, Full Grands.
PIANOS { A selection of Second-hand Instruments just returned from Hire, at exceedingly low prices.
PIANOS { Two Iron Framed Pianette at Rs. 400 Unequalled.
PIANOS { Rupees 25 monthly for 20 months secures a first-class instrument.
PIANOS { Rs. 400 cash, secures a Pianette of excellent tone and finish with complete Iron Frame, Zinc lined-packing case included.
PIANOS { Illustrated Price Lists in detail sent free by post.

SOUNDY & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & COMPANY.
41, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY AUCTON SALE.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 31st instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will hold their usual auction sale at their room as follows:—
1 fire and burglar-proof safe (quite new) size 50 by 21 by 21, painted in mahogany colour, made by F. Schmidt, of Hamburg, under patent No. 26967.
5 cases of each pints and quart bottles of—
Imperial Dutches lager beer.
Drews & Co.'s Pilsen beer.
O. N. Forseth & Co. Christiania Norwegian pale ale.
Best Bavarian ale lager beer.
Tottenham export lager beer.
Aschener export beer.
Prima lager beer
Vanienberg & Co. fine gin.
Superior quality Danish Geneva.
10 boxes high classed dessert clarets from Gilbey.
Few cases Burgundy sauterne.
20 pairs of Bohemian glass candlestick-smith shades.
An invoice of dinner and desert services.
1 Tent.
14 cases moulded glassware.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.
Bombay, 31st October, 1885.

MERHJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES AND MEADOW-STREETS.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY at GIRGAUM, in the next Lane of the Girgaum Portuguese Chapel.

Messrs. MERHJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, the following property THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 31st instant, at 4 p.m.:—
All that piece or parcel of pension and tax ground, with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house situate at Girgaum, in the next Lane of the Girgaum Portuguese Chapel, in the Island of Bombay, in the sub-district of Mandvie, containing by admeasurement 303 4-9 square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Municipality under No. 43, and by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 310 and Collector's new No. IVA-2500 and bounded on the east by the public road, west by the public gully and the property of Tapidas Candas, and now of Fatmabai, widow of Hajee Adum Hajee Esmail, south by the property of Jehangirjee Eduljee Sa awala.
The above property contains well and stable and is open on all sides with compound, and is suitable suitable for Parsees as well as Hindus.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

MERHJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 31st October, 1885.

SUPPLIES FROM ENGLAND.

The descriptions of Goods are supplied at Co-operative Store prices for Cash by
HENRY S. KING & CO.
65, CORNHILL, LONDON,
whose new Illustrated
CASH PRICE LIST
will be sent post free on application or may be obtained from KING, KING & Co., Bombay, or KING, HAMILTON & Co. Calcutta.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

SINGER'S SEWING-MACHINES for family use and all grades of manufacturing in cloth and leather are adapted to run by hand, foot, hand and foot both, or steam-power. For cash or on hire. Price lists post-free. 5, Church-gate-street, Bombay.

MAHABLESHWUR READY-LAID DAK.—Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

PEROSHAW BURJORJEE, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier, to H. E. the Rt. Hon'ble Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay. Most comfortable Phaeton and Tonga. Dawks ready laid for Mahableshwar, Panchgani and Satara, on moderate terms. Address Main-street, Poona.

VEVEY CIGARS direct from Switzerland. A small parcel just received.—BARTON & Co., Limited, Bombay and Poona.

STORES (Reduced Prices) Sardins double Tins annas 5-6. Peas Tin annas 4-6. Jams Morton's Assorted doz. Rs. 3-8. Crosse, doz. Rs. 4-8. Cheapest House.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

JUST RECEIVED,—Stud Sleeve and Collar Buttons, very Fancy. Also Gent's Fancy Scrap Pins. Gold and Silver Watch Guards, Lockets, &c. Prices Cheap. SHROFF BROTHERS.

BRUSHES for Tooth.—Nail, Coat, Horse, Shoe, &c., at exceptionally low prices. Also Penknives, Pencils, Purses, Inkstand, Blotters and Stationery. —SHROFF BROTHERS.

COME AND SEE the latest Novelties in Fancy Scent Cases, Pin Cushions, Companions, Dolls, and Steam Toys, from Rs. 5-4.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

FEW ONLY LEFT.—Gent's Handkerchief, size 20" by 20," Ready Hemmed, Rs. 1-6 per doz. Also Ladies' Fancy Shoes and Kid Boots.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

OUR ALBUM of Indian View is acknowledged to be the Finest Article for Europeans to send Home. 24 Views elegantly bound. Post-free. Annas 17.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

VIEWS (Photographic) full size of several Public Buildings and Streets of Bombay, specially taken for us, mounted annas 8, unmounted annas 6.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

CONFISERIE DE PARIS.—ICES AND PASTRY, Forbes-street, Fort.

GERMAN ASPARAGUS at Rs. 18 per dozen tins of 4½ lb. each. Apply to C. FLEMMING, 12, Meadow-street.

ICE-CREAMS, Tea, Coffee, Pastry, Biscuits, about 25 kinds, &c., &c.—PALLONJEE, Confectioner, Elphinstone Circle.

BARGAIN.—FOR SALE, THIS DAY, at Bennett's Auction, a high-caste, well bred, and handsome Iron grey GALLOWAY.

HAM, Bacon, and Cheese, Comfits and Jujubes fresh supply. Ices, Pastry, at BYCULLA CO-OPERATIVE STORES.

GRANT-ROAD HOTEL, now under the supervision of a European Lady. Music every night. Best Wines, &c.

SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE PIANO, full compass, for sale, nearly new. Apply to S. ROSE & Co., Esplanade-road.

PARUCK'S FANCY BAZAAR, Esplanade Cross-road.—Come and see our fancy and other articles which we are selling at very cheap prices.

AUCTION SALE of Mr. A. F. Soundy's valuable household furniture, Piano, American Organ, &c., at Love Lane, Byculla, TO-DAY at 1 p.m.

ON VIEW at No. 9, Green-street, Fort, opposite Bank of Bombay, very valuable household furniture made by Jamsetjee Nowrojee, to be sold on MONDAY, 2nd Nov.

VICTORIA, WANTED to purchase, must be strong and in good condition. Apply to Captain Walshe, Byculla, stating lowest price, and where to be seen.

SAILOR HATS at Re. 1, Curtain Net at Re. 1-8, Teapoy Covers at Re. 1-8, Homepun at 12 as., Zephyr at 6 as. To be had at the CASH BAZAAR, Ld.

PHOTOGRAPHERS SENSITIZED PAPER in hermetically sealed tin cylinders of 1-3rd quire each, Rs. 4, per tin.—J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

TO-DAY'S ICES, Pistachio, Vanilla, Peaches, Rose and Lemon. Wines and Spirits of the best quality. To be had only at Vienna Confectionery, Church-gate street, Fort.

NOW READY.—STUDIES IN ISLAM. THE CLAIMS of ISHMAEL; by J. B. Hate, M.R.A.S., Post free, R. 6-6 p.p. XIII, 392 XIX. Cash with order. Of the Author, Allahabad, N.-W.P.

FANCY WORK BASKETS, Music, Ladies' Companion, Photo Albums, Scrap Albums, Money Purses, Photo Frames, Fitted Bags.—PESTONJEE SORABJEE & Co., No. 33, Meadow-street.

TO-DAY'S ICES,—Pistachio, Vanilla, and Raspberry Cream, Pineapple Water Ice. Wines and Spirits of the best quality, wholesale and retail. Pastry, Comfits. —MORENAS & Co., 15, Meadow-street.

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!! Just received the Newest shapes in Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, Infants Cloaks, Capotes, Flowers, Feathers, Aigrettes, Gloves, long Mittens, &c.—Mrs. Pryer Meadow-street.

KEROSINE OIL 150 Test Rs. 5, 125 Test or Devoe's Rs. 4, for sale. Apply to M. M. MODY and Co., Ld.

TOM SAYER'S GRAND BOHEMIAN BAND at TEMPLE BAR TO-NIGHT, at 9. Admission to Gallery, Re. 1.

COFFEE MILLS, of different sizes, Coffee Roasters, Cooking Stoves. Prices very cheap. At STEWARD and Co.'s, No. 2, Church-gate-street.

MADAME TAURINES, PHOTOGRAPHER, 67, Medows-street, will RETURN to Bombay on the 1st November.

FOR SALE, a semi-grand sympathetic PIANOFORTE; also a Kattywar COW with Heifer Calf. Apply to G. F. M. GRANT, C. S., Upper Colaba.

VICTORIA and VICTORIA FAMILY HOTEL, No. 1 Esplanade, next to Symonds, and opposite to the Parade ground. Nice, airy, comfortable rooms.

REDUCED PRICES.—Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, Mrs. COULSON, Milliner and Dressmaker, Carnac-road, near Crawford Market.

CEYLON TEA.—Rangalla Estate. Sample Tins of 6lbs. can be obtained from the Wholesale Agents, PHIPSON & Co., Bombay. Rs. 7-8 per tin.

IF you wish to have a real good time keeper fully worth the money you spend, go to KANNY & Co., Watchmakers, Goldsmiths, 9, Meadow-street, Bombay.

GALVANIZED CORRUGATED IRON SHEETS, just arrived, 18, 20, 22 and 24 gauge, 6, 7, and 8 feet by 32 inches wide. Richardson & Cruddas, Bombay Metal Mart.

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM.—A remedy singularly efficacious in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sorethroat &c. Agents for the Bombay Presidency.—ROGERS & Co.

HOMEWARD BOUND.—Gladstone Bags, Deck Chairs Portmanteaus, Cane land Trunks. Most moderately priced. JOHN MAHOMED and Co., 16, Meadow-street, Fort.

BAEL FRUIT PRESERVE.—An elegant remedy for bowel complaint, a remedy for chronic Dysentery and Diarrhœa.—FERNANDES & Co, Chemists, &c., Bombay.

POTTED MEATS.—Partridge, Turkey, Turkey and Tongue, Veal and Ham, Potted Salmon, Bloaters, Shrimp Paste.—PEARSE and Co., Apollo-street.

MAIWAND COURTS-MARTIAL.—Proceedings held at Bombay for trial of MAJOR CURRIE and COL. MALCOLMSON, Annas 8; postage, 1 anna.

MESSMAN.—WANTED a MESSMAN for the Club of Western India. Apply with testimonials to the Honorary Secretary, Club of Western India, Poona.

FRENCH TILES and CEMENT—A fresh supply is expected about the 15th inst. Orders at reduced rates are being booked by Messrs. Tyabjee and Co., 15 Forbes-street.

CLEARANCE SALE.—Hargovun Vanmali & Co. Esplanade Cross-road, are closing their millinery and dressing department and disposing of their stock for next to nothing. Come early.

WRITE for our new set of patterns of Shirtings in at materials. Large consignments just to hand Special manufacture for Hot Weather Shirts.—BADHAM PILE & Co., Limited, Rampart-row, Bombay.

PRINTED FLOOR CLOTHS (FARASH).—The Muir Mills Company, Limited, Cawnpore, have a stock of the above in a variety of patterns. Samples and prices on application to the Manager and Secretary.

WANTED an experienced AYAH in Kattywar. She must be strong and active and of middling size, between 30 and 40. Salary from Rs. 15 to 20 per month. A Mahomedan is to be preferred. Apply to "J", care of the Manager of this paper.

ATTENTION! SELLING OFF! Zephyrs, Cambrics, & Pompadours, strong and fast possible colour, latest style for ladies' dresses; at 4 annas per yard, net cash or V. P. Samples free on application. Try at Y. A. LACKA & Co.

CHOCOLATE and MILK, Cocoa and Milk, Cocoatina, West India Arrowroot, Pearl Barley, Scotch Oatmeal, Baking Powder, Egg Powder.—PEARSE & Co., Apollo-street.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, (Limited.)
CAPITAL Rs. 15,00,000.

INSURANCE against FIRE effected in any part of India on the most favourable terms. Special advantages offered to insurers in the Island of Bombay. Up-country agents wanted.
C. H. B. FORBES & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers, Bombay.

MERRYWEATHER & SONS.

FIRE ENGINES, Fire Escapes, Hoses, and appliances of all kinds for extinguishing Fires. Apply to
C. H. B. FORBES & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

FOR SALE.

"1—REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.
BY
W. WEDDERBURN, BOM. C. S.
PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.
May be had at the office and at the book-sellers.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5
Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 30 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horse broken to single and double harness, in the yards single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30. The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY,
(SOCIETE L'ECLAIRAGE ELECTRIQUE, PARIS.)
PAID-UP CAPITAL, FCS. 6,500,000.
OUR PRICES DEFY ALL COMPETITION.
HIGHEST REWARDS AT ALL THE EXHIBITIONS.

ELECTRIC MACHINES for 10 Incandescent Lamps...Rs. 350
Do. for 5 arc lights 2,000 Candles, each ,, 1,200
Do. 10 do. 500 do. 1,200
SWAN'S AND OTHER INCANDESCENT LAMPS.
OUR PATENT WICK CARBONS give the steadiest light.
JABLOCHKOFF CANDLES improved-make.
INSULATED CABLE, GLOBES and other accessories.

NOTE:—OUR MACHINES work with LOW TENSION currents and do not present the dangers of other systems.

F. FISCHER,
Agent and General Manager for India.
41, Meadow-street.

VETERINARY INFIRMARY, SHOEING AND COMMISSION STABLES,
ESTABLISHMENT.
Opposite Messrs. Jaffer Sulliman and Co., Breach Candy Road No. 364, Girgaum.

THE Undersigned, who has had considerable practice in the Veterinary profession in Madras and Bombay, has at the desire of a number of his constituents, opened an establishment at the above address where
VETERINARY BUSINESS
of all sorts will be carefully and scientifically conducted.
SICK AND LAME HORSES
and other animals will receive skilful treatment.
The SHOEING forge is under the personal supervision of a competent Farrier.
All class of shoeing carefully done. Charges strictly moderate.

Office of Deputy Surgeon-General, Her Majesty's Force.
I have much pleasure in certifying that I am well acquainted with Mr. J. F. LALLEE, Veterinary Surgeon. He is a very respectable young gentleman and has gone through regular course of study, obtained his certificates of qualification and is now practising his profession in Madras successfully.
J. M. JOSEPH, M.D., L.L.D.
Madras, 21st July, 1882.
J. F. LALLEE,
Veterinary Surgeon.

ART METAL WORK—Framed Mirrors for Flower Painting, Jardiniere's Tazza's Trays, &c., &c., a beautiful and well-selected, stock, on hand. SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

REPOUSSE POLISHED BRASS, Frames, Mirrors, Cups, Thermometers, mounted in Art Metal Work, Plush, Oak, &c.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

ART METAL WORK, ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST of nearly 300 articles of domestic and decorative Art Metal Work, sent post-free for inspection. SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

SYMPHONETT, a charming-toned little instrument, which can be played by everyone, even if unacquainted with Music, no effort or trouble required, plays dance music, &c., can be carried in the pocket, price with 15 feet of music Rs. 15 by V. P. P.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

NE PLUS ULTRA ORGANINA, the loudest and most perfect instrument of the kind ever introduced, with 6 tunes complete. Rs. 28.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

ACCORDEONS, Best make, highly ornamented 1 stop and bell Rs. 10, with 2 stops (celeste) and bell Rs. 12, with 2 stops and 2 bells (tremolo) Rs. 14, with 3 stops and bell (octave and celeste) Rs. 15.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

BERLIN PHOTOGRAPHIC COMPANY, A large stock of PHOTOS by the permanent process. Copies from the most famous old and modern Painters, and the largest Photos. yet produced.—SOUNDY and Co., Ld., Bombay.

SYMPATHETIC PIANOS, with the Iron Frame, Bars, and Plate over Pin, plank cast in one solid piece, without any joint whatever. Can only be obtained from SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

BANJOS with Peg-heads at Rs. 10, 12, 15 and 20 each. Banjos with Machine-heads, with brass hoops and with screw adjustment, the largest stock in India to select from.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

TAMBOURINES.—A large variety always on hand at Rs. 2-8, 3, 4, 5 and 8 upwards; also Nigger Bones and every requisite for Minstrel Bands. Detailed price-lists free by post.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

PARKINSON AND FRODSHAM'S SPECIALITY WATCH, Keyless, in Silver Open-faced case, with Crystal Glass, Rs. 21-8; with seconds dial and engine-turned back, Rs. 35.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

PIANO CANDLE-STICKS.—Richly electro-plated, new patterns, with glass shades complete. Rs. 14 and 16 per pair.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

AQUARIUMS for gold fish. Clear glass with ebonised stand, 16 inches in diameter, Rs. 15; 18 inches, Rs. 20; 20 inches, Rs. 25; and 22 inches, Rs. 30 each.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

MUSIC PORTFOLIOS, with spring backs, patent and self-binding, arrangements and boxes from Rs. 3 to Rs. 5 each. LEATHER MUSIC ROLLS, R. 3 each.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

PRESENTATION FLUTES, Cocoa-wood with 8 German silver keys on French pillars, tuning slide and cork joints, fitted in velvet-lined oak case, Rs. 45, or with 10 keys, Rs. 45.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

MENIST'S BINOCULARS and FIELD-GLASSES, German Silver-mounted Achromatic Lens, Rs. 60; German Silver-mounted Achromatic Lens to draw large object glasses, Rs. 70. Field-glass, larger size, Rs. 80. Each in brown leather sling cases with strap.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

SCHIEDMAYER PIANOS, the only genuine which obtained three prize medals at the Calcutta Exhibition, to be had at the sole agents for all India.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

TWENTY-FIVE RUPEES per month for two years secures a beautiful toned iron frame Piano. Particulars on application to SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

PIANOS.—The largest and most varied stock of instruments in India to select from. Illustrated price-lists free by post.—SOUNDY & Co. Ld., Bombay.

ORGANS AND HARMONIUMS by the best makers, a very large stock always on hand. See our illustrated priced catalogue free by post.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

REVOLVERS, new Regulation guage for Government Ammunition 455 Guaranteed.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

OLD CHELSEA TEA POT, the best for making a good cup of Tea Rs. 3 each or by V.P.P., packed Rs. 3-4 with directions, how to make Good Tea.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

FRITZ'S CAFFEE saves one third, and extracts all the delicious qualities of the Coffee Rs. 3-8 or packed by V.P.P., Rs. 3-12.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

HANDY CASH DRAWERS, a neat cash box of upright form with three drawers, and receptacle for Bank or cheque book, patent lever lock No. 1 size Rs. 12, No. 2 size Rs. 15.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld. Bombay.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

LONDON BANKERS
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted from through the bank.
M. BLUM, Acting Manager.
Clement's Row, W.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA)
AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE-STREET, LONDON.
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NOTICE.

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For List of Prices apply to
THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
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FOR SALE at the Godown of the undersigned:—
Due de Mohtebello Champagne in Quarts and Pints.
Nicolson's Ale in Hogsheads just arrived.
Nicolson's very old and mellow Scotch Whisky.
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FOR SALE at the Godown of the undersigned:—

		Cash Prices. Rs.
CLARET	St. Corrystoly ..... Per doz. Qts.	12
	Do. ..... Per 2 doz. Pts.	14
	St. Estéphe ..... Per 1 doz. Qts.	14
	and Credit Rs. 15-8.	
	1878 Chateau Larose (after dinner Claret) ..Per doz. Qts.	22
STILL HOCK	Schierstein ..... ,, ,,	12
	Hochheimer ..... ,, ,,	18
	Rüdesheimer Berg ..... ,, ,,	28
MOSELLE	Moselblümchen ..... ,, ,,	14
	Graacher ..... ,, ,,	16
	Piesporter ..... ,, ,,	18
	Barracastler ..... ,, ,,	32
GIN	Geneva .....per case of 12 flasks	14
BEER	Pilsener.....per case of 4 doz. Qts.	20
	Imperial (Kiel) ..... ,, 4 ,, Qts.	21
	Doppel Kronen, do. ,, 4 ,, Qts.	22
	Pints Rs. 3 more ,, 8 ,, ,,	
	Christiania..... ,, 4 ,, Qts.	20
	Do. ,, 8 ,, Pts.	26

CASH rates charged if paid within a month. Apply to
C. FLEMMING, 12, Medow-street,

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—
CHAMPAGNE

	Per 1 doz. quarts.	Per 2 doz. pints.
Charles Heidsick's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal, Dry.....	Rs. 50 0	...
Heidsick's Dry Monopole	,, 54 0	Rs 56 0
Cuvee de Ghoix Champagne	,, 44 0	...
Dry Elite	,, 46 0	,, 48 0
First Quality Dry	,, 38 0	,, 40 0

From MESSRS. DEUTZ AND GELDERMANN AYEN CHAMPAGNE.

Goldiack, extra.....	Rs. 40 0	...

STILL HOCKS.
From J. M. FABSTMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE.

Laubenheimer	Rs. 15 0	Rs. 18 0
Deidesheimer	,, 16 0	,, 19 0
Geisenheimer	,, 17 0	...
Leibtraumilch	,, 21 0	,, 24 0
Johannisberger	,, 21 0	...
Hochheimer Berg	,, 25 0	,, 28 0
Rudesheimer	,, 25 0	...
Marcobrunner	,, 28 0	,, 31 0
Queen Victoria Berg	,, 34 0	...

From OTTO FRUMEN, MAYENCE

Moselblümchen	Rs. ...	Rs. 15 0
Niersteiner	...	,, 15 0
Hochheimer	...	,, 18 0
Brauneberger	,, 15 0	...
Liebfraumilch	...	,, 21 0
Berncastler-Roseberg	,, 18 0	,, 21 0
Josefhofer	,, 28 0	...
Oberemmeler-Rosenberg	,, 28 0	,, 31 0
Steinberger	,, 29 0	,, 31 0
Scharzhofberger	,, 34 0	,, 37 0
Johannisberger	,, 35 0	,, 38 0

FRENCH WHITE WINES.
From A. DUPUILS, MACAU MEDOC.

Sauterne	Rs. 15 0	...

CLARETS.
From Messrs. H. & C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Medoc	Rs. 10 8	...
Chateau de Frauds	,, 13 0	Rs. 15 0
St. Julien Medoc	,, 16 0	...
Les Canons	,, 16 0	,, 18 0
Chateau Grand Lebrun	,, 18 0	...
Chateau Leoville	,, 19 0	...
Chateau Ll Roc St. Estephe	,, 21 0	...
Chateau Lafitte	,, 23 0	...
Chateau Mandesin	,, ...	...

From A. DUPUILS, MACAU MEDOC.

Listrac Medoc.....	Rs. 1 2 0	...
Cru de Barreyre	,, 16 0	...

From J. ROEMER & SOHN—VIENNA.

Hungarian Claret	Rs. 17 0	...
Chateau Romer	,, 16 0	...

From FRANZ SCARVAY.

Carlswitz	,, 15 0	,, 17 0

PORTWINES.
From J. W. BUMMESTER, OPORTO.

Good old red Port	Rs. 19 0	per doz.
Fine ,, ...	,, 22 0	,,
Very fine ,, ...	,, 27 0	,,
Most particular reserved old red Port ..	,, 38 0	,,

BRANDY
From A. DUPUILS, MACAU MEDOC.

F. Deesandier & Co.'s* Brandy.....	Rs. 21 0	...
Cognac, Gold labels, blue capsules ..	,, 29 0	...
Charles Lervoire very old Brandy*** ..	,, 34 0	...

BURGUNDY.
From A. DUPUILS, MACAU MEDOC

Volnay	Rs. 21 0	...
Chambertin	,, 26 0	...

WHISKEY.

Thistle Blend ,, ...	,, 24 0	...

BEER.

	Per doz. quarts.	Per doz. pints.
St. Pauli Beer	Rs. 4 0	pints.
Hamburger	,, 5 4	qts.
Mainzer Export Beer	,, 5 8	,,
Pilsener Beer	,, 5 12	pts. 3 12
Flower & Son's Ale	,, 4 12	,, 3 0
Romford Light Bitter Beer in Champagne bottles.....	,, 5 12	,, ...

SUNDRIES.

Maraschino a case of 25 Pints.....		Rs. 25 0
Vin Marasque ,, 24 Bottles		,, 40 0
	Per doz. quarts.	per 2 doz. pints.
Finest Kummuel	Rs. 28 0	Rs. ...
Italian Vermouth	,, 17 0	,, ...
Do. do Superior.....	,, 19 0	,, ...
Do. do Finest.....	,, 20 0	,, ...
		Per Doz.
Swiss condensed milk, in bottles		Rs. 4 0
Do, do do tins		,, ...

PRESERVED MEATS SAUSAGES, VEGETABLES, &c.

	Rs. a.
Danish Butter, finest .....per ½ lb. tin	0 10
Danish Butter .....per 1 lb. tin	1 4
Hams, Danish, finest smoked.....per lb.	0 11

From L. GRADLER and HARTWIG GATHA.
Per tin. small tin.

Truffel Leberwurst (Truffled Liver Sausages) .....Rs.	1 8	Rs. ...
Mettwurst (cooked meat Sausage) ..... ,,	1 6	,, ...
Cervelatwurst (Brain Sausages)..... ,,	1 6	,, ...
Asparagus ..... ,,	2 8	,, ...
Red Pickled Cabbage Sauerkraut... ,,	1 4	,, 0 12
Cellery ..... ,,	0 14	,, ...
White Cabbage in Butter ..... ,,	0 15	,, 0 10
White Pickled Cabbage in Wine..... ,,	1 4	,, 0 12
Red do. do. ..... ,,	1 2	,, 0 12

From BUSH, BARNEWITZ & Co., WOLZENBUTTEL.
Per Large Tin Per Small Tin

Asparagus.....	Rs. 2 8	Rs 1 8
Cellery ..... ,,	...	,, 0 12
French Beans..... ,,	...	,, 0 9
Young Cut Beans..... ,,	...	,, 0 9
Smoked Sausages..... ,,	...	,, 1 8
Red Pickled Cabbage in Wine..... ,,	...	,, 1 0
Small Sausages ..... ,,	...	,, 1 6
Pease for Soup ..... ,,	...	,, 1 12

TERMS.
Net cash, no discount.
No order for less than a case of wines (provisions excepted) &c., will be executed.
Outstation orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Interest charged at the rate of Nine per cent. per annum on all accounts after three months.
VOLKART BROTHERS,
Rampart-row.
Bombay, 21st August 1885.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.
Fixed Deposits received to a Limited extent on the following terms:—
6 / 5½ / 5 / 3½ } per cent per annum subject to { 18 months / 12 ,, / 3 ,, / 6

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

CALENDAR—OCTOBER & NOVEMBER, 1885.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

New Moon	Nov,	7th,	1h. 54·2m. a.m.
First Quarter	,,	15th,	2h. 59·9m. a.m.
Full Moon	,,	22nd,	2h. 30·5m. p.m.
Last Quarter	,,	29th,	6h. 48·4m. p.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sun Rise.	Sun Sets.	High Water.		Low Water.	
				H.	M.	H.	M.
Sat. 31	Bhowanuggur Cotton Manufacturing Co., Meeting, 3 p.m. Evening Entertainment to the Indian Contingent. Fireworks, &c.	6 9	5 26	4 5	52m 12 a	11 11	31m 24 a
Nov.							
Sun. 1	22nd Sunday after Trinity.	6	5 25	6 6	6m 47 a	— 0	— 53 a
Mon. 2	National S. and W. Co., Meeting, 1-30 p.m. Bombay Mechanics' Building Co., Meeting, 4 p.m. Forest Commission, Tanna.	6	5 25	7 8	18m 11 a	0 1	54m 53 a
Tu. 3	Anniversary of the Hormusjee Wadia's Fire Temple. English mail expected per s.s. Gwalior.*	6	5 24	8 9	21m 11 a	2 2	9m 42 a
Wed. 4	Town Council, 2 p.m. Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m. Bench of Justices, Town Hall, 5 p.m.	6	5 24	9 9	11m 59 a	2 3	58m 24 a
Thr. 5	.....	6	5 24	9 10	56m 43 a	3 4	42m 3 a
Fri. 6	Dosawlee Holiday. Departure of English mail per s.s. Peshawur, 5 p.m.	6	5 5	23.10 11	37m 24 a	4 4	33m 39 a

* Left Aden at 5 p.m., on Wednesday, 28th October.

DIVINE SERVICES.

22ND SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY. ALL SAINTS' DAY. NOVEMBER 1.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion, Choral. Hymns 447, 185 and 438.
11 a.m.—Litany and Sermon by the Rev. H. N. Midwinter, with plain Celebration.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev. H. N. Midwinter. Hymns 427, 441, 428 and 379.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Clark Whitfield.
Anthem.—"If we believe that Jesus died."—Bunnett.

Thursday, November 5.

7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Daily Prayers—in the morning at 6-45 and in the evening at 4-45.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, COLABA.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Matins, Holy Communion and Sermon.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion.
5-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, ESPLANADE.

(Pastor—The Rev. John Forgan.)

11 a.m.—Morning Service.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, SONAPORE.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion and Sermon. Hymns 427, 429 and 382.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 427, 435, and 436.
The offertories for Church expenses and poor relief.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Sermon and Holy Communion. Hymns 271, 83 and 395.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 233, 360 and 370.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6-30 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral) and Sermon.
9 a.m.—Matins and Bible Class.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Alms for Choir expenses.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7-15 a.m.—Morning Service, Celebration of Holy Communion and Sermon. Hymns 193 and 109.
6 p.m.—Evening Service and Sermon. Hymns 242, 228, and 359.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, KAMATIPURA.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
9-30 a.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 390, 263 and 185.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

9 a.m.—Meeban of Institution, B. B. & C. I. Ry., Parel.
6 p.m.—St. Andrew's Church, Fort.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Services will be held on board the s.s. Kerbela, the Prince's Dock on Sunday morning at eleven o'clock. Captains, officers, seamen, and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Contingent Entertainment, Oval, 4 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Arabia (s), from Bureh; and H. M. S. Malabar, Portsmouth.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Sir K. Cowasji and Khurshed, Bhownuggur (s), Bhownuggur; Assam (s), Trieste, &c.; Eastbourne (s), Dunkirk; and I. M. S. Canning, Madras.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The increase in goods traffic for the week ending the 17th inst. was 1,61,707 maunds.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Malwa entered, and the s. s. Assam, Brankelow, and Victoria left, the dock yesterday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Zanzibar direct per extra s. s. Chiltern will be closed at the General Post Office at 5 p. m. to-day.

VICTORIA THEATRE.—The Poona Lalita-Kalochhava Vardhaka Mandali, a society for the promotion of the fine arts, is to perform the drama "Vikramorwasi" to-night at the Victoria Theatre.

BREACH OF THE MUNICIPAL BYE-LAWS.—Bhaujee Ramjee and three others were yesterday charged, at the instance of Enoch Solomon, a market sub-inspector, before Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, with bringing meat from Counties into the city of Bombay, for sale, without a pass or permission from the Municipal Commissioner. The accused admitted the truth of the complaint, and were fined Rs. 2 each.

A JUDICIAL APPOINTMENT.—Mr. Vasudevrao Sadashiv Ranadive, chitnis to the Collector of Satara, and son of the late Sadasiv or Dadoba Dewaji, who died in London in the year 1891, has been transferred on promotion to Kolhapur as District Revenue Officer and First Class Magistrate. Mr. King has selected for his successor the deputy chitnis to the Collector of Ahmedauggur, who has passed the Higher Standard examination in English.

NOTED CHARACTERS.—Rustoom Alli and Aga Jhan, two bad characters, were yesterday charged by Inspector Cobb, before Mr. Ryan, with the theft of a cap and assault. On the fifth day of the last Mohorrum the accused assaulted another Mahomedan in a procession in Null-bazaar. When his assailants had run away, he discovered that he had lost a gold-embroidered cap, and two days after it was found that it had been pledged with a Marwaree by the first accused. His worship sentenced the first prisoner to six months' imprisonment on the charge of theft, and the second prisoner to the same term for assault.

INSANITARY BUFFALO STABLES.—Yesterday, at the Girgaum Police Court, Luximon Bapoojee, owner of house No. 140, Candawady-lane, appeared before Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee to answer a charge preferred against him by Mr. C. S. Pafford, public health inspector, of continuing a nuisance on his house or land after conviction. The accused, it appears, on the 28th August last, was convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of causing a nuisance on his land. He was the owner of 140 buffaloes, which were kept in a stable which was in such an insanitary condition as to cause a public nuisance. He was on that occasion ordered to pay a penalty of Rs. 2 per day until the nuisance was removed. The defendant up to the present time had taken no measures to remove the nuisance, and also did not appear in court until a third summons had been issued against him. He was convicted, and ordered to pay the penalty for fifty-two days—namely, Rs. 104—and was further fined Rs. 20 for disobeying the two summonses that had been issued against him.

ADDITIONAL PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Assam, Captain S. F. Cote, sailed yesterday for Aden and Suez, with the European mails and the following additional passengers :—

For Brindisi—Dy Surg-Genl W H Rean.
For London—Major J. Fraser; Colour Sergt J Fraser.

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant "Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sole wholesale by The Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 8, Farringdon Road, London.

THE NATIONAL ANTHEM INCIDENT AT POONA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have been at some pains to ascertain what are the real facts connected with the recent incident at the prize-giving ceremony at the Poona Native Girls' School. They have been magnified on one side into a grave offence, so much so that you announced a few days back that it would result in an administrative change. I am not sure that the change announced by you has been carried out. But in any case it is of the utmost importance, in the interests of Government no less than in that of the public service, that both sides should be heard before a person is condemned, or Government is led into committing an irretrievable mistake. I am able to say this because I see that the whole case has been stated from the point of view of one party.

I will begin by stating a fact which will illustrate certain features of the National Anthem incident clearly. It is that long before the incident took place, the relations between the Board of the Poona Girls' High School and Mr. Lee-Warner were anything but satisfactory. The Acting Director of Public Instruction had to settle with the Board certain questions affecting money grants to the school, and the powers and privileges of the Board. In entering upon these questions, Mr. Lee Warner appears to have approached the Board in a hardly commendable or creditable spirit. This surprised nobody more than the members of the Board, whose views were certainly entitled to respect, considering that among them who constituted the Board was one who held the position of a member of the Legislative Council, another who enjoyed a European reputation as an Oriental scholar, a third who was a former Director of Public Instruction in the Berar and whose claims were at one time considered superior to those of Mr. Lee-Warner himself, and a fourth who enjoyed a high reputation as a political officer. Surely these men were not children to be trifled with. Mr. Lee-Warner alarmed this Board by, for instance, telling them that the concessions in respect of money grants and of the powers and privileges of the Board publicly declared by Sir James Fergusson, with the consent of his colleagues, were not binding upon the Government. The Board, on the other hand, with every desire to maintain smooth relations with Mr. Lee-Warner, patiently put up with the attitude of the Acting Director, which, to say the least, was overbearing, if not insulting.

The presence of H. H. the Gaekwar in Poona induced the School Board to get up a private entertainment entirely at the cost of the native community, and one to which Government was not to contribute anything. At this entertainment the Board wanted Mr. Lee-Warner, among others, to be present as a guest. All the arrangements for the meeting were completed by the Board, without his intervention. The Board also settled the programme of proceedings, the purchase and award of prize-books, &c. Mr. Lee-Warner had the programme shown to him by the Board, more by way of courtesy, and because he had to be informed of the part he was to take in the proceedings. One of the items in the programme referred to the singing of a song in Marathi which is often miscalled the National Anthem.

This original insertion of the National Anthem in the programme shows that both the Board and its secretaries desired it to be sung. This disposes completely of the sinister insinuation that its excision was due to a feeling other than that of loyalty to Her Majesty the Queen-Empress of India. It also shows that Mr. Lee-Warner had neither suggested its insertion, nor was he aware of it until the prize-giving day, on which a copy of it was forwarded to him for information.

It is necessary here to mention that, according to native custom, respect in an assembly is shown, not by rising, but by sitting. In this respect the custom of occidental nations differs from that of Oriental nations. Among Western nations to stand before a King, Emperor, or Empress is considered the highest mark of respect, while in Oriental countries, and especially in India, the most effective way of showing respect is to sit in the presence of the highest personage in the assembly. It is a fact that as a general rule natives of India do not rise even at the singing of the English National anthem, not because they have less respect for Her Majesty or are wanting in good manners, but simply because it is not their custom. Any innovation in this respect introduced in conformity with a European custom, would be, in native eyes, regarded as opposed to their sense of propriety. It would be as improper in India as for a native of India in London to propose that prayers being offered the others should kneel down with their hats on. You doff your hat before a Viceroy, a Governor, or a lady out of respect, but it would look ridiculous in a native of India to take off his turban in the presence of any one of them. In like manner while the chairman of a meeting is seated, it would be a mark of disrespect for any one to rise. The rising of the chairman is a signal for the assembly to disperse. Any innovation in this respect would be trifling with native etiquette and native manners and customs. Toleration in respect of these outward forms is the only way to bring about a better intercourse with natives. So clever an official as Mr. Lee-Warner cannot be supposed to have forgotten this chief among the general rules which are laid down in chap. I of Nairne's Handbook for the guidance of all officials. "Representing Government," he says, "a private individual should therefore always keep in mind that our conduct, when we do not conform to the spirit of the people, reflects upon the national character, which has hitherto been considered invariably tolerant of all native habits and prejudices, whether they relate to religion, morals, or manners." Again, further on he remarks, "It is a trite but a just observation that it is as necessary to have to a subjugated people their manners to let them enjoy their laws. It is in a great degree by these means that we must hope to preserve their fidelity and their allegiance, and thereby cement the widely disjointed, but not dissimilar, parts of our Indian Empire." But, according to that an innovation in regard to a particular etiquette is desirable, it can be done in a way and by a method which will rather bring the people round to it, than that which will force them down their throats. Now what was the mode adopted by Mr. Lee-Warner in regard to the singing of the so-called National Anthem? In the first place, he insisted upon the secretaries, or at all events upon one of the secretaries, Mr. Pandit, seeing whether even from H. H. the Gaekwar down to the youngest girl in the meeting, rose. But he went further, I am told. Besides giving a peremptory order of this kind, he, if I am not misinformed, threatened Mr. Pandit with serious consequences if this form of ceremony was not gone through by the whole assembly. Here I must say Mr. Lee-Warner went quite out of his way in dictating that a certain ceremony shall be gone through in the very manner himself proposed, and in no other way. It must be remembered that he was merely invited as a guest, and not sent down to dictate a certain etiquette by a Resolution of the Governor in Council. As Acting Director of Public Instruction he had no business to perform this extra-official duty. Government would have arranged to communicate their desire through the Political Department, if they had thought proper to enforce a formal observance of the etiquette. I am utterly unable to see the *locus standi* of Mr. Lee-Warner in this affair, either as Acting Director of Public Instruction or even as an Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Office at Calcutta, and can only account for his conduct by that meddlesomeness and mischievous activity of which he has given abundant proofs during the short space of time he has acted as Director of Public Instruction in this Presidency.

I have laid greater stress on this part of the question because I can conceive of no surer method of making the introduction of the National Anthem distasteful and repellant amongst the people of this country than the method Mr. Lee-Warner thought fit to choose. How does the public, the native public take it? They find that Mr. Lee-Warner's meddlesomeness did not end with making a scene of the whole affair, and giving it a theatrical aspect. By reporting officially to Government, by talking loudly about it to every one he came in contact with, and by making it, or becoming a means, directly or indirectly, of making it, the subject of newspaper articles, he has made a mountain of a molehill and given the whole thing a political aspect of an absurd character, and has been instrumental in bringing a high native officer of Government needlessly into discredit: for of one thing, I can vouch and that is that no intentional discourtesy was meant either by Mr. Pandit or the School Board.

You will be surprised to hear that the so-called National Anthem which was proposed to be sung on the occasion was no National Anthem at all. An Anthem is a hymn with prayer. It is national when the whole nation has adopted it to invoke the blessing of Providence upon their sovereign. In the case under notice, the song was a long, meaningless, half idolatrous rigmarole, the production of an ignorant and illiterate man, and one full of grammatical mistakes. Recently it has been sung at public assemblies as a pretty piece of music. There is not a word in it of prayer for Her Majesty the Queen-Empress, nor a blessing for her long life and happiness, nor even is it one of those well-meant but not as yet by any means accepted or successful endeavours made in the vernacular languages of India under the auspices of the London National Anthem Committee. In Poona on all occasions on which music forms part of the entertainment *Devi Shri Victoria* has latterly been sung in praise of Her Majesty, not in prayer for her. Its introduction at such entertainments is due to the fact that most musical entertainments in Poona had been under the auspices of the Poona Gayan Samaj, of which the author of *Devi Shri Victoria* was for a number of years the music master. He encouraged his pupils to sing his own productions, and thus it gradually came to be sung as part of musical recitations; but it has scarcely reached beyond Poona and Bombay, where the Gayan Samaj has its principal branches. I should not be surprised if hearing this song any of Her Majesty's loyal native soldiers in India, or any native Prince, failed to recognise it as a national Anthem in any sense of the word.

On all occasions on which native music is discoursed, the native community of Poona have tried to introduce this eulogium of the Queen-Empress as a step towards the ultimate introduction of a National Anthem in Marathi, and with this view have, very erroneously as you may see, called *Devi Shri Victoria*, a National Anthem; but they do not and cannot really regard it as such.

You have given publicity to a close English translation of this piece of song, misnamed the National Anthem. Surely neither His Excellency the Governor in Council nor the Acting Director of Public Instruction, nor the Managing Board of the Poona Girls' High School, could think much of a proposal to omit this so-called National Anthem from the programme of the prize-giving ceremony. No doubt it would have been much better not to have scored out the words "National Anthem," whatever they meant, from the programme. But terrified, bullied, and alarmed as the Board and its secretaries were by the hostile attitude assumed towards them in the exercise of extra-official functions by Mr. Lee-Warner, the excision is perfectly intelligible, without attaching to the Board or its secretaries a taint or suspicion of disloyalty. Under these circumstances it was thought that a peremptory order from Mr. Lee-Warner to get the audience to rise, if put into execution, could only end in confusion, as has often been the case when the Governor or president of the assembly has risen, and thrown the whole assembly into disorder, as in the incident at the Deccan College in March last.

The suggestion has been made by some papers that the so-called, National Anthem was struck out in deference to the supposed unwillingness on the part of H. H. the Gaekwar, in other words, to make everything agreeable to the Gaekwar. As a matter of fact, I say, it would be extremely improper for any body of gentlemen to ask a distinguished visitor, like the Gaekwar, to visit their school and distribute prizes to the pupils there in, and yet fail to make everything agreeable to him. If the native custom is not to rise, but to show respect by sitting, then for the Board to insist upon an innovation in the matter of rising, so as to force the principal guest of the evening to rise against his instincts of showing respect, would have been a most unpardonable rudeness on the part of those who requested His Highness to preside. It was their duty, as well as the duty of the Government and Mr. Lee-Warner, to make everything agreeable for His Highness. But this part of the business Mr. Lee-Warner had undertaken to manage himself; so the Board had nothing to do with it. The action of the Board and its secretaries on the occasion as regards the excision of the Anthem and the dispensing with other ceremonies can only be reconciled with the plea urged by them, that they were most anxious not to do anything which would be construed into a feeling of indifference towards the honourable members of His Excellency's Council who were present at that time. For all we know, the whole assembly had gathered in the hall, Mr. S. P. Pandit, seeing that a raised dais was being put to accomodate the chair of His Highness, and that the chairs of the Hon. Messrs. Peile and Melvill were being placed on the same level with those of the other visitors, caused the dais to be removed at once. This he did against the remonstrances of those entrusted with the management of the ceremony, and of the lady superintendent, who insisted that the royal guest of the evening should have his seat made more prominent than those of the rest, and showed that His Highness's seat, a low, ornamental cushion chair, would not enable him to see across the table when giving away the prizes; but the dais was directed to be removed by Mr. Pandit, who was anxious to prevent any hitch arising in consequence of the seats of the Members of Council being placed on a lower level than that of His Highness. Again, it is well known that the Gaekwar arrived at 4-30 p.m., and the Members of Council did not arrive till 4-45 p.m., so that His Highness had to wait nearly a quarter of an hour without the proceedings commencing. It was not easy at first to understand why the proceedings were not commenced immediately after His Highness came, but it has since been ascertained that Mr. S. P. Pandit, having heard that the Gaekwar might not arrive until a quarter before five (the time given in the card being 4-30 p.m.), had written to the Members of Council requesting them not to arrive too soon. I will give a third instance showing the anxiety of Mr. Pandit not to do anything likely to give offence to Government officials. The seats of Messrs. Peile and Melvill had been placed on the right hand of the Gaekwar, they being seats of honour, though properly speaking, their seats should have been placed on the left side, for the reason that as members of Government they were more of hosts than guests. Lastly, the Board proposed that H. H. the Gaekwar should be decorated with garlands, flowers, &c., as no arrangements were made for decorating the whole assembly. But the secretary put a stop to that special mark of hospitality, on the ground that the Members of Council and the ladies who accompanied them could not properly be left without decoration. These are facts. They serve to show that it is impossible to believe that a person who exhibited so much solicitude to prevent anything being done which might be construed, however wrongly, into a slight or indifference to the two honourable Members of Council who were in attendance, could do anything inconsistent with his duty either as a public servant, which it is proposed to take up, and because it would make things agreeable to the Gaekwar.

But granting, under all the circumstances of the case, that the error of judgment was made, the blame of it must attach to the whole Board, and not to the individual secretary. And even if the secretary is open to blame, he is blameable in his capacity as secretary, and not in his capacity as Oriental Translator. It is to be regretted that we have forgotten this chief among the general rules which are laid down in chap. I of Nairne's Handbook for the guidance of all officials. "Representing Government," he says, "a private individual should therefore always keep in mind that our conduct, when we do not conform to the spirit of the people, reflects upon the national character, which has hitherto been considered invariably tolerant of all native habits and prejudices, whether they relate to religion, morals, or manners." Again, further on he remarks, "It is a trite but a just observation that it is as necessary to have to a subjugated people their manners to let them enjoy their laws. It is in a great degree by these means that we must hope to preserve their fidelity and their allegiance, and thereby cement the widely disjointed, but not dissimilar, parts of our Indian Empire." But, according to that an innovation in regard to a particular etiquette is desirable, it can be done in a way and by a method which will rather bring the people round to it, than that which will force them down their throats. Now what was the mode adopted by Mr. Lee-Warner in regard to the singing of the so-called National Anthem? In the first place, he insisted upon the secretaries, or at all events upon one of the secretaries, Mr. Pandit, seeing whether even from H. H. the Gaekwar down to the youngest girl in the meeting, rose. But he went further, I am told. Besides giving a peremptory order of this kind, he, if I am not misinformed, threatened Mr. Pandit with serious consequences if this form of ceremony was not gone through by the whole assembly. Here I must say Mr. Lee-Warner went quite out of his way in dictating that a certain ceremony shall be gone through in the very manner himself proposed, and in no other way. It must be remembered that he was merely invited as a guest, and not sent down to dictate a certain etiquette by a Resolution of the Governor in Council. As Acting Director of Public Instruction he had no business to perform this extra-official duty. Government would have arranged to communicate their desire through the Political Department, if they had thought proper to enforce a formal observance of the etiquette. I am utterly unable to see the *locus standi* of Mr. Lee-Warner in this affair, either as Acting Director of Public Instruction or even as an Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Office at Calcutta, and can only account for his conduct by that meddlesomeness and mischievous activity of which he has given abundant proofs during the short space of time he has acted as Director of Public Instruction in this Presidency.

I have laid greater stress on this part of the question because I can conceive of no surer method of making the introduction of the National Anthem distasteful and repellant amongst the people of this country than the method Mr. Lee-Warner thought fit to choose. How does the public, the native public take it? They find that Mr. Lee-Warner's meddlesomeness did not end with making a scene of the whole affair, and giving it a theatrical aspect. By reporting officially to Government, by talking loudly about it to every one he came in contact with, and by making it, or becoming a means, directly or indirectly, of making it, the subject of newspaper articles, he has made a mountain of a molehill and given the whole thing a political aspect of an absurd character, and has been instrumental in bringing a high native officer of Government needlessly into discredit: for of one thing, I can vouch and that is that no intentional discourtesy was meant either by Mr. Pandit or the School Board.

You will be surprised to hear that the so-called National Anthem which was proposed to be sung on the occasion was no National Anthem at all. An Anthem is a hymn with prayer. It is national when the whole nation has adopted it to invoke the blessing of Providence upon their sovereign. In the case under notice, the song was a long, meaningless, half idolatrous rigmarole, the production of an ignorant and illiterate man, and one full of grammatical mistakes. Recently it has been sung at public assemblies as a pretty piece of music. There is not a word in it of prayer for Her Majesty the Queen-Empress, nor a blessing for her long life and happiness, nor even is it one of those well-meant but not as yet by any means accepted or successful endeavours made in the vernacular languages of India under the auspices of the London National Anthem Committee. In Poona on all occasions on which music forms part of the entertainment *Devi Shri Victoria* has latterly been sung in praise of Her Majesty, not in prayer for her. Its introduction at such entertainments is due to the fact that most musical entertainments in Poona had been under the auspices of the Poona Gayan Samaj, of which the author of *Devi Shri Victoria* was for a number of years the music master. He encouraged his pupils to sing his own productions, and thus it gradually came to be sung as part of musical recitations; but it has scarcely reached beyond Poona and Bombay, where

EARLY CLOSING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The vacillation exhibited by some of the principals of the leading houses in the trade, with respect to the appeal of their assistants for closing on Saturdays at 2 p.m., instead of 4 as heretofore, is painful. Surely, a matter of two hours in the course of a whole week is not much to ask for. Why should managers and proprietors hesitate to give their final decision? The majority of the firms are willing to close, and I would have enumerated them here, only that I would be stealing an advertisement for them, though they richly deserve it. I would suggest that the names of the firms agreeable to closing should be advertised on Monday, and kept on being advertised till the scheme is carried. Sir, you know what a Co-operative Store is, and you can imagine the number of miles an assistant walks in the course of one day in such an establishment. The managers and principals were once assistants. Why then cannot they "do unto others as you wish them to do unto you?"

Bombay, Oct. 30. SHOP ASSISTANT.

GRAEFENBERG PILLS

Sold by COOPER, MADON & CO., Ld.

Price—As. 8.

These PILLS act with great mildness, and may be taken at any time with benefit.

They cure all forms of Malarial Diseases and Fevers, and should be used to stimulate the Liver and Kidneys to healthy action. They are invaluable for Headache, Biliousness and Bowel Complaints.

A *QUID PRO QUO*.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The honour conferred upon me last year by H. M. F. Majesty the King of Portugal was that of Commander of the Order of Jesus Christ, and the initials for it correspond with K.C.J.C., and not with K.C.I.E., as they appear in to-day's *Bombay Gazette*, after my name in the list of subscribers to the Indian Contingent Reception Fund.—Yours, &c.,

Oct. 30. ACCACIO DA GAMA.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

THE following are excerpts from the proceedings of a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay held on the 27th inst.

GOVERNMENT LAND AT WARRE-BUNDER.

Read Government Resolution No. 2214, dated 16th September, communicating the approval of the Government of India to the following proposals made regarding the disposal of certain Government land on the south side of Wadi-bunder by a committee consisting of the Consulting Engineer for Railways, the Municipal Commissioner, the Collector of Bombay and the Agent G. I. P. Railway Company:—1. To reserve the plot scored blue and marked B on plan for a road to be constructed by the Municipality, to whom the land will be made over for this purpose free of charge. To exchange the plot crosshatched blue and marked E (on same plan) with the Port Trustees for an equal area of land hatched in blue and red lines and marked C at the corner of Malet-strand, in order that this may be added to the road. These roads, it is stated, are required to facilitate access to the G. I. P. Railway goods terminus at Wadibunder, and relieve the block of traffic which accumulates about the entrance to the level crossing on Frere-road. 2. To reserve the rest of the ground hatched in red lines and marked A (in same plans) until satisfactory arrangements can be made for its sale or lease to the Port Trustees, or for exchanging it for other land belonging to the Trustees which may be required for Government purposes. Submitted report by Acting Engineer, dated 25th September. Read minutes of members of Land Committee.

Resolution.—The proposed exchange of land is agreed to. It should be suggested to Government that the work of widening the road at C should be entrusted to the Trustees, either Government or the Railway Company defraying the expense, which is estimated at Rs. 391. The additional width of road, when made, will be maintained by the Trust until the road is transferred to the Municipality.

Read letter from the Secretary, G. I. P. Railway Company, dated 13th August, stating that the lodge and gates at the entrance to Warree-bunder goods yard from Frere-road are now completed, but that the company cannot make use of the entrance with advantage, unless the approach be improved by adding to the roadway the small plots of land marked A. and B. on plan, which are the property of the Trust; and stating that the Agent would be glad if the Trustees would add these pieces to the roadway for its improvement, in anticipation of the arrangement to be effected in connection with the low-level roads on each side of the proposed overbridge at Waree-bunder. Read letter to the Secretary, G. I. P. Railway Company, dated 20th August, asking that plans of the proposed overbridge and low-level roads at Waree-bunder be sent for inspection. Read reply, dated 9th September, stating that the plans are not yet prepared.

Resolution.—The railway company should be informed that, as there does not appear to be any prospect of the Waree-bunder overbridge being constructed at present, the Trustees regret that they are unable to hand over the land required by the railway company in anticipation thereof.

Read letter from the Traffic Manager, dated 13th October, forwarding application by Mr. Odhowjee Durrumchund for the lease of an additional strip of land on Mody-bay Imperial estate, measuring 53 3-9 square yards, and offering to surrender his existing lease. The Traffic Manager recommends that corner plot rates be charged for the whole area.

Resolution.—The additional land applied for may be leased at the same rates of rent as are already paid by Mr. Odhowjee under his existing lease. adjacent land, his present lease to be surrendered and a new one granted of the entire area; the term of fifty years to run from commencement of the existing lease, the changes in rates of rent also to take effect in the dates specified in the existing lease. All expenses in connection with the surrender and the granting of a new lease to be paid by the applicant. As the land is on the Imperial Mody-bay estate which reverts to Government in 1857, the sanction of Government should be obtained to the proposed arrangements.

THE TRAMWAY COMPANY.

Read letter from the managing director, Bombay Tramway Company, Limited, dated 26th October, asking the Trustees to reconsider the following points in connection with the terms quoted for the extra land required by the company at Apollo reclamation:—1. Finding the new godowns built round any additional building, the managing director points out that to enforce such a condition would prevent the company from carrying out their plan, which is to enlarge their present godowns so as to have one large godown, divided into portions separated by fire-proof walls and doors. With regard to the proposed rent, the managing director draws attention to the large proportion of public land which it is proposed to take up, and he suggests that Re. 1 per square yard per annum would be a fair all-round rent to charge. It was proposed by the chairman that under the special circumstances of the case a difference between the existing and the proposed new godowns need not be provided; that such of the Apollo-reclamation land as is more than 80 ft. from the Colaba Causeway may be leased for fifty years at Re. 1 per square yard per annum for the first fifteen years and Re. 1½ per square yard per annum for the remaining thirty years; and that so much of the land offered to the Tramway Company as comes under this description may, for the period for which they have asked for it, be leased at the lower rate, viz., Re. 1 per square yard per annum. It was proposed as an amendment by Captain Hext that the concession proposed to be made by the chairman with regard to the godowns be allowed, but that the Trustees adhere to the rents fixed at last meeting. The amendment was first put and was lost, and the chairman's motion was thereafter carried.

The following were amongst the papers laid on the table:—

Government Resolution No. 444, dated 16th October, approving of the surplus revenue of 1884-5 being added to the reserve of the Trust.

Report by Traffic Manager that the sum of Rs. 46,037 was collected at Trust wharf for town duty on behalf of the Municipality during September, against Rs. 38,153 for September, 1884.

PILOTAGE STATEMENT

	For week ending 24th Oct., 1885.	For week ending 24th Oct., 1884.
Vessels piloted into harbour.....	16	13
,, ,, out of ,, ...	12	18
,, transposed	11	1
,, attended to	1	1

STATEMENT OF VESSELS USING PRINCE'S DOCK.

	For week ending 23rd Oct., 1885.	For week ending 23rd Oct., 1884.
Vessels entered	8	8
,, left	8	8
,, remaining in dock	11	10

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

a Lieut-Colonel Woodhouse, Sumbulpore
Capt Irvin, Karrachee
a Mr L Paul, Trieste
Rev H N Midwin er, Poona
a Lieut H F Coleridge, 47th Regt.
a Mr T M Davies, Kamptee
a Mr P T Large, Kamptee
a Mr T Vigors
a Mr A S George, Nagar
Colonel and Mrs Dawson, Mutalla
a Mr M C Mitchell, A V D, Poona
a Major Whitehouse, R A
a Mr G P Stoughton
a Mr and Mrs Gouldsbury, England
a Mr and Mrs Campbell, England
a Mr Watson, England
a Miss Baird, England
a Miss Fraser, England
Capt Irvin, England
Capt de Houghton 47th Regt, Poona
a Dr and Mrs J Watson
Mr A D Rollo, Ajmere
a Commander Morrison, R N, H M S Sphinx
a Capt H Finnis, R E
a Major Walker, Dinapore
a Mr C M Maguire, Aurangabad
a Mr P J Moores
a Mr R W Burke, Cawnpore
a Mr G Marshall Woolrow, Poona
Mr S W Stanley, London
Capt Urmston
Surg Firth, Mian Meer
a Rev J Sharp, England
a Mr C P Daily, England
a Mr S Cox, England
a Mr W Parry, England
a Miss Kinloch, England
Mrs Blanchard, England
a Dr and Mrs L Brown, England
Mrs Hore, England
The Misses Hore, England
Mr Hore, England
a Mrs T M Davies, England
Mr G A Hight, Bijapur
a Mr N Reinhold, Calcutta
Mr and Mrs Field, Delhi
Lady MacGregor, Delhi
Major Hammond, Mardan
Lieut G J Nelson, Suakim
Mr and Mrs Bird
Mr Boulderson
Col Lonsdale, Poona
Sir William Seton Barnet, A A G, Deesa
Capt Pringle, Deesa
Mr and Mrs Hill
Lieut G A Welman, H M S Malabar
Lieut W Douglas Smith, H M S Malabar
Lieut A Fitzgerald Fenton, H M S Malabar
Lieut R C Cookrill, H M S Malabar
a Lieut Fraser, H M S Malabar
a Lieut Tighe, H M S Malabar
Lieut C Reid, H M S Malabar
Lieut H M Brownlow, H M S Malabar
Mrs Firth, H M S Malabar
Col Chambers, Belgaum
Lieut O J Venables, H M S
Mr and Mrs Hore, Bombay
Miss Holloway, Bombay
Mr F Place, Bombay
Major Nicolas, Calcutta
Col Penny, R A, Bombay
a Major Fraser
Mr Pritchard, Bombay
Mr John M Heyn, Bombay
Mr Strachan, Bombay
Surg Major Jackson, England
Mr Thos Wilson, Bombay
Mr Durham, Bombay
Lieut Colgraves Bombay
Mr J G Thomson, Bombay
Mr William Morris, Bombay
Mr C Fleming, Bombay
Mr Collingwood, Bombay
Mr F A Innes Noad, Bombay
Mr Walsh, Bombay
Mr Otto Martin, Bombay

RUBY HOTEL, MATHERAN.

Mr and Mrs Harold Curjil, Bombay
Mr and Mrs A Tremann, Bombay
Mr and Mrs A P Ralli, Bombay
Rev and Mrs A Goldinger Lewis, Bombay
Mrs Richard Baker, Bombay
Mr, Mrs and Miss A L Steiner, Bombay
Mrs Squire, Bombay
Miss L Rich, Bombay
Mrs Spencer, Bombay
a Sir W Waddarburn, Bart, Bombay
Dr P Murphy, Bombay
Capt John Campbell R A, Bombay
Lieut A S Ralli, 12th Lancers, Bombay
a Mr H A Acworth, CS, Bombay
a Lieut Tisdall, Bombay
a Mr and Mrs J Morgan, Poona
a Mr F W Marriott, Bombay
a Surg-Major O'Kearny, Bombay
Capt E F Gasset, R Y Regt, Bombay

Residents left during week marked (a) thus.

THE CRISIS IN UPPER BURMAH.

THE Mandalay correspondent of the *Rangoon Gazette* writes:—Ken Woon Menghee has been pulling the wires between this and Rangoon. Several messages have been exchanged between Mr. Bernard and the Prime Minister. Remonstrances, inquiries and finally offers to arrange terms went forward, and replies were received. The result of all the telegraphy went up to Theebaw for information and orders. After hearing from the Prime Minister that Mr. Bernard had said that British forbearance had worn out after four years, and the time had come to have matters on a proper understanding even if force were used to accomplish it, Theebaw demanded the advice

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, OCT. 30.

THE Bank of England return for the week, as telegraphed by Reuter, shows an increase in the proportion of the reserve to liabilities from 35 to 39 per cent., but rates of discount remain unchanged, and with the exception of an advance of ¼ in French Rentes the regular list of Stock Exchange quotations exhibits no alteration of any kind.

In the Mincing-lane markets the only movement reported is an improvement of 3d. to 6d. per quarter in Linseed.

PIECE-GOODS in Manchester yesterday were reported steady, and Cotton in Liverpool firm, although the tone scarcely accords with the indications given by the figures. The sales were only 8,000 bales, including 500 Surats; and a decline of 1-16d. per lb. was quoted in Good Omras and Dholleras, and a partial 1-64d. to 1-32d. in Americans to arrive. In New York, too, there is a decline of 1-16 cent in ready Cotton and 5 points in futures. The receipts at the U. S. ports to date afford the following comparisons with the two previous seasons :—

	1885.	1884.	1883.
Thursday's receipts	40,000	51,000	32,000
Six days' do.	232,000	232,000	189,000
Total since 1st Sept	1,350,000	1,380,000	1,408,000

The tone of the trade here to-day has been flat in the extreme. In view of the reduced quotations from home, such buyers as there are in the market have lowered their bids by about one rupee per candy. Sellers, however, show no disposition to accept any reduction; on the contrary, native dealers have it that there are less favourable American crop reports in, and they are by no means anxious to push sales. Nominal quotations are as follows :—

Good Bengals, Jan.	Dely	Rs. 156 to 157
" Omras, March	"	Rs. 185 " 186
" Broach, "	"	Rs. 212 " 213
" Dholleras, April	"	Rs. 187 " 188

WHEAT.—The tendency of the market continues weak, and if anything we should call prices a shade easier, but with rather smaller spot supplies shippers have to pay full rates for special requirements.

SEEDS.—Linseed is not active, but a fair inquiry exists all the same at about former rates, say Rs. 6-12½ November-December, Rs. 6-4 March, and Rs. 6 May delivery. Rapeseed is quiet, with very little business passing. New Crop Yellow Guzerat is quoted Rs. 6-2 per cwt. April-May.

FREIGHTS keep quiet. The s.s. Clan Alpine is reported to have been berthed for Dunkirk, November loading, at 23s. 9d. old scale. For London and Liverpool we quote 20s. to 21s. 3d., and open charter 23s. 9d. to 25s. per ton.

EXCHANGE.—The announcement that the Paris Monetary Conference has practically concluded to continue the Latin Convention, has had no visible effect on the market to-day. On the contrary, so far from any additional firmness being apparent, private bills have been negotiable on rather easier terms, both ready and forward, closing rates being :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 6 5-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 6 3d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 6 3d.	"
Credits, 3 months' sight	1s. 6 5-16d.	"
France, 3 months' sight	1·93.	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—The brokers having been engaged with the monthly settlement, there has been very little in the shape of actual business doing to-day, and rates are nominally weaker in consequence. Fours ready have receded to Rs. 97½ for cash and Rs. 97 3-16 for the end of November delivery, but we should call these more buyers' than sellers rates. Fours-and-a-half are nominal at Rs. 99.

In SHARES there is nothing whatever new to notice. The market is fairly steady in tone, but there is nothing much doing.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs. 720
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5 p.c.	815
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	830x
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	387½
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	all	6 do.	120
Hong-kong and Shang. B. Corporation	60,000	$125	all	17½ do.	258
National Bank of India	37,332	250		5 pct.	106

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	1,300	1,000	1,000	..	1,375
Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	..	425
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	30,000	100	100	..	101
Alfred Manfg. Co.	1,000	500	500	..	325
AllianceCotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	1,000	..	715
Ballarpur S. & W. Co., Ld.	871	500	all	Rs. 22½	500
Bhowanggur Mills	9,000	100	100	..	10
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	..	920
Bezar Mf'g. Co., Ld.	2,750	200	200	..	185
Central India S. & W. Company	3,000	500	500	Rs. 33	750xd
Colaba Land & Mill Co.	4,000	700	700	Rs. 17½	720xd
Connaught Mills	840	500	500	..	625
Coorla Mills	1,300	1,000	1,000	..	625
City of Bombay	600	1,000	1,000	..	830
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	2,000	..	2171
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	1,000
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,500	50	50	Rs. 25	720
Framji Petit Mfg. Co.	1,250	1,000	1,000	..	635
Golam Saha S. Co.	2,000	50	20	..	390
Gordon Mills	1,032	1,000	1,000	..	200
Hindustan Mills	1,200	1,000	1,000	..	810
Hingunghat Mill Co.	700	50	50	..	695
HydrabadSpinningCo.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 33	1,050xd
Imp.Cotton Mills Co.	400	50	500	..	425
Indian Manfg Co. Ld.	668	1,000	1,000	..	1,000
James Greaves Mills	100	500	450	..	455
Jaffer All Spin. Co.	1,34	5	5	..	482
Jewraj Bhalloo	1,300	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,073½
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	900
Khatao Maokunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	880
Leopold S., Bleaching & Mfg. Co., Ld.	3,500	10	10	Rs. 5	145
Madras United	500	1,000	1,000	160	2,550
Mahalukshmi	650	1,000	1,000	..	595
Manockjee Petit's	4,050	1,000	1,000	..	1,175
Manajon Spinning Co	5,000	25	25	..	2021
Morarjee Goculdas	1,150	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,460
National Spinning	600	1,000	2,000	..	550
Nagpur Cotton Cleaning Co., Ld.	1,000	100	5	..	102xd
Narayan Cotton Mills	550	1,000	1,000	..	500
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,000	1,000	..	920
Oriental	5,725	625	625	..	570
Parel S. & W. Co. Ld.	2,500	400	400	..	105
People of India S. & W. Company	1,000	250	250	..	170
Prince of Wales Spinning Company	1,250	500	500	..	125
Queen Spinning	800	1,000	1,000	..	790
Ripon	641	1,000	1,000	..	715
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	1,000	..	1,500
Sholapore Mills	678	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	1,325xd
Sonderdas	650	1,000	1,000	..	650
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 12½	380xd
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,312	250	250	..	230
Victoria Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	625
Western India S. & M. Company	1,200	1,000	1,000	..	700

RAILWAY COMPANIES

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock	..	£100	..	..	£137x
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent.	..	£100	..	..	£144x

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co Ld.	1,000 / 750	200 / 150	200 / 150	10 p.c.	210 / 155
Badham, Pile & Co. Ld.	3,000	100	100	Rs. 18	142
Bapty Co., Ld.	2,625	200	165	Rs. 10	208
Barton & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	10 2-3p.c	92
Do. New Issue	500	100	37½	10 2-3p.c	37½xd
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.	900	500	100	..	..
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	50	500	500	15 p. ct.	670
Bombay Saw Mills	60	1,000	1,000	..	470
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1 250	100	100	Rs. 6½	106 / 101
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	300	3,750
Do. (2nd Issue)	1,000	62	375	60	915
Do. (3rd Issue)	1,000	62	375	..	855
Bombay Fire Insurance Co.	600	1,000	1,000	25	805
Bombay Municipal Bonds	..	..	..	6 p.ct.	101
Cash Bazaar	1,500	100	100	..	35
Cooper, Madan & Co., Ld.	3,000	100	100	9½	121xd
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	Rs. 1	..
Kaisar-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	..	5	..	34
Kurrachee Ice Co., Ld.	500	500	300	35	321
Kurrachee Lighterage Company, Ld.	500	500	200	36 p. a.	340
Kemp & Co. Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26½	302
Mechanics Building Co	4,000	50	22	27	..
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	9 p.ct.	100
Napier Foundry and Mfg. Co.	1,500	100	100	..	100
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	2½	60
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	1½	2
Pearce and Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	8 p. a.	91
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 16	307½
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	3,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,501
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	40	..	54
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 8	90
Telephone Co., Ld.	12,000	25	25	Rs. 1	13xd
Treacher & Co., Ld.	2,000	200	200	Rs. 110	1,100
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100	100	Rs. 15	167
Western India Flour Mills	1,000	175	100	12 p.ct.	145
M. Mody & Co., Ld.	2,500	200	200	0	205

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	..	900
Akola Press Co.	85	500	500	Rs. 50	435
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500	Rs. 45	420
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	220	1,100	1,100	Rs. 175	1110xd
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	300
Bellary	630	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	540
Broul's Cawnpore P. Co., Ld.	500	200	200	Rs. 16	150
Bombay Cotton Press.	1,000	125	125	..	195
Colaba Press Co.	500	1,880	1,880	Rs. 600	750
Dholera P. & G. Co.	5 0	300	300	12	165
East India Press Co.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,175
Fort Press Co.	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 150	2,450xd
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 45	620
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	450	500	500	Rs. 25	501
Khamgaum Cotton Press Co.	240	500	500	Rs. 40	450
Manmar Manfg. Co.	1,000	250	250	..	250
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 7½	132½
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	..	392½
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,250	500	500	..	550
New Broach Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,400	100	500	..	3
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	..	167½
Prince of W. Press	600	500	100	Rs. 30	557½xd
Sabapathy Press Co., Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	500	Rs. 75	430
Sind Press Co.	600	2,000	750	Rs. 90	1,250
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,250
Sassoon Press Co.	300	500	500	25	515
Volkart Press Co.	450	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	665

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—OCT. 29.

Brig. Surgn-Major, B. M. S. on leave.
Assistant Surgn Bo A V D, on leave, from Kurrachee.

OCTOBER 30.

Pringle, Capt, 2nd Bo Lanc, on duty, from Deesa.
Sir Wm Seton, Lt-Col, A A G, on duty, from Deesa.
Lewis, Lt, Bo, North Stafford, on duty, from Asirgarh.

OCTOBER 30.

White, Lt, Bl R A, on sick leave, from Morar.

DEPARTURES.—OCT 28.

Jones, Major, 6th Bo Cavy, on duty, to Shikarpur.
Wyman, Major, Bl, 2nd Wilt Regt, on leave, to England.
Monteith, Capt, 6th Bo Cavy, on duty, to Shikarpur.
Wimstone, Capt, Bl Staff Corps, to Dhurmsala.
Palin, Lt, Bo 2nd N Stafford, on duty, to Bhuj.
Sir Wm Seton, Bt, Lt-Col, Bo A A G, on duty, to Poona.
Pringle, Capt, 2nd Bo Lancers, on duty, to Poona.
Rean, Dy-Surgn-Gl, Mad M S, on leave, to England.
MacCausland, Capt, 3d Mad Cavy, to Secunderabad.
Rowland, Col, Bl Comt Dept, on leave, to England.
Elsmie, Lt, Bl, 1st S York Regt, on leave, to Lahore.
Walter, Col, Bl Pol Dept, on furlough, to England.
Leatham, Capt, Bo 2 Gloucs, on sick leave.
Gilbert, Lt, Bl, Dorset Regt, on duty, to Cherat.
Harvey, Lt, Bl 2nd Regt, on duty, to Lucknow.
Walsh, Bde-Surgeon Bl, M S, on duty, to Allahabad.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Major F. S. Hore, Comdt., B. V. R. C.

Bombay October 31.

The following Cadets of L Company are transferred to H Company from this date;—Vols. E. Gwynne, H. D. Coggan, F. Paedeaux, A. Allyman, A. Marrett, and H. Poole.

By order,
R. S. BROWN, Captain,
Offg. Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M.
Extracts teeth under Nitrous Oxide Gas.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL.
This is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England. In bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.
*** AGENTS WANTED.

SIGHT SAVING GLASSES.
MR. FRANK L. McAFEE, Supdt., Irish Presbyterian High School, Ahmedabad, writes :—It is now nearly four months since I received the two pairs of glasses you supplied me with, and I have during this time found them of so much service in enabling me to bear and overcome the strain upon my eyes from work by lamp light, that I feel considerable regret I did not sooner apply to you for help. It is no more than is your due, that I should add that before I applied to you I had already tried two firms of opticians. Their spectacles afforded me a certain amount of ease and comfort; but in neither case was the benefit I derived from the use of their glasses at all comparable with that which I have already had from using yours.
Pamphlet with instructions how to get properly suited, free on application.

N. LAZARUS, Oculist-Optician,
New Buildings, 28, Meadow-street, (Opposite FortChapel,) Bombay.
No. 1, Mangoe-lane, Calcutta.

DEHRA DUN, June 21st, 1885.
MESSRS. LAWRENCE AND MAYO.
GENTLEMEN,
A member of your firm in November, 1880, fitted me with a pair of spectacles which I have used ever since, and I am now anxious to get another pair exactly like them, as they suit me better than any I was able to get in London, and in fact are the only pair I can wear without discomfort or pain to the eyes.
Yours faithfully,
J. CHESTER,
Lieut.-Colonel.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS,
Opticians to the Principal Ophthalmic Surgeons in India,
Old Bond-street, London,
and Rampart-row (above Soundy and Co.)
Bombay.
Consultation hours—ten to six.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
WE HEREWITH CERTIFY THAT MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., Ld., BOMBAY AND POONA, ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE'S* PIANOS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, and that our Pianos, which we have built especially for the Indian climate for more than twenty years, are only shipped by us for Bombay to the above Firm.
We also state as a caution to the public that Pianos bearing the name of SCHIEDMAYER ONLY, which are offered for sale by other houses are by a TOTALLY DISTINCT MANUFACTURER,
SCHIEDMAYER AND *SOEHNE*,
Pianoforte Manufacturers to His Majesty the King of Wurtemberg, Germany,
Established 1809.
FRESH CONSIGNMENTS of these celebrated Pianofortes arrive regularly on the 25th of every month by the Austrian Lloyd Steam Navigation Company steamers.

Plain Square	Rs. 750
Sympathetic Square	" 825
Boudoir or Concert Piano (on three legs)	" 1,425

TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH ON DELIVERY.
N.B.—None genuine unless bearing the name of SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE IN FULL.

The Hire System being greatly in vogue, and also an easy mode of ultimately possessing a Piano, MARCKS and Co. are prepared to offer the following advantageous terms, viz :—

Plain Square Piano	Rs. 31·0 per month for 24 months.
Sympathetic Square	" 35·0 " "
Boudoir (on three Legs)	" 66·0 " "
Tin Lined Case	Rs. 25 Extra.

DELIVERED FREE AT ANY RAILWAY STATION
Bombay or Poona.
MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
Poona: 1, East Street. Bombay: 43, Road Esplanade

MR. N. WARNE
PROFESSIONAL PIANOFORTE TUNER,
BOMBAY.
Address letters care of Messrs. WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.
Anglo-Indian and General Agency,
28, Apollo-street, Bombay.

MR. C. A. GRAVES,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 14, RAMPART ROW,
Opposite Watson's Hotel.

SCHIEDMAYER'S PIANOS.
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION
OLD MEDAL AND FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE, THE HIGHEST AWARD FOR
SYMPATHETIC SQUARE PIANOS,
SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY,
Sole Agents in India for the SCHIEDMAYER PIANOFORTEFABRIK STUTTGART.
(J. & P. SCHIEDMAYER).
THE only maker of that name, whose instruments obtained ONE GOLD and TWO SILVER MEDALS with first-class Certificates, proving the superiority of their Pianos over all others exhibited.
We would caution intending purchasers, not to confound the name with that of SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE, whose Pianos we do not import. Our Pianos by SCHIEDMAYER, of STUTTGART, have iron frames cast in one piece, are the HANDSOMEST PIANOS made, have TWO PEDALS and AMERICAN DAMPERS. Price with Zinc-lined case Rs. 850, or with one Pedal Rs. 800.
See our illustrated price-list free by post.
SOUNDY & CO. LD., BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that after 4 o'clock on SATURDAY AFTERNOON next, NO CARRIAGES WILL BE PERMITTED to drive down the Queen's-road from the Band-stand End. Gentlemen holding tickets for the Entertainment to be given to the Suakim Contingent are requested to drive along the Queen's-road from Church-gate-street End, alight at the entrance erected on the left side of the road, and send their carriages straight on to the Band-stand, where they will remain until the conclusion of the Fire-works at Kennedy Sea-Face.

No carriages will be allowed to stand on the Queen's-road between the Band-stand and Church-gate-street Station. In order that the general traffic may not be impeded by the directions given above the Mayo-road will be open to the Public as usual.

W. H. WILSON, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Acting Commissioner of Police.
Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 29th Oct., 1885.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED].

BOMBAY.
BIRTH.
ADAM—October 30, at Claremont, Malabar Hill, the wife of F. Forbes Adam, of a son.
DEATH.
MOYLAN—October 30, at No. 1, Malabar Hill, Henry Patrick, the beloved second son of W. Moylan, Esq., Govt. Inspector of Machinery, aged 19 years, 9 months and 26 days.—R. I. P. Friends will kindly accept this intimation and meet at the residence 4 o'clock p.m. Sevree Cemetry 5-15.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENT.
"C. P. J."—The complaint should be made to the managers.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1885.

MR. JUSTICE WEST has been beguiling the tedium of residence in Egypt with an endeavour to present the world with a solution of the silver difficulty. In a controversy in which anything new is seldom said, and still more seldom anything sound, it is satisfactory to find that Mr. West has something to say that is at least new. There is here no slavish mumbling of the ancient phrases of an orthodox economy, albeit that the Pyramids were near enough at hand to rebuke originality and discourage departures from the old formulas. Mr. West recites the story of inconvenience and uncertainty and loss with which experience has made many of us familiar; he dismisses the bi-metallists in a paragraph; and then he produces his plan for putting right all that the silver ring, Prince Bismarck, and the demonetisers have put wrong. First of all he contemplates the formation of an international council, in which all the silver-using nations shall be represented, British India having a separate voice, and places being found even for China and Japan. The council would meet once every six weeks, in order to ascertain the interchangeable values of gold and silver; and the relative values being thus ascertained by a common authority at their true market ratio, the Governments concerned would make them interchangeably legal tender for the ensuing six weeks at the determined ratio. But as the ratio would need some more tangible embodiment than the council's periodical declarations, Mr. West proposes an ingenious innovation in the currency of the associated nations. England is to issue silver coins of the same weight as its gold coins; France, and nations with a silver unit of value, are to issue gold coins of the same weight as their francs or their liras or their dollars or we suppose their rupees. Thus if the relative value of gold to silver is declared to be as nineteen to one, nineteen "silver sovereigns"—if a new word as well as a new coin is to be minted—will exchange against one gold one, and one gold franc against nineteen silver ones. But there would be rather more simplicity in that relation between the two metals than Mr. West can hope for, high though his hopes seem to run. He has therefore made elaborate provision against all the awkwardness of fractional relativity. The all-sufficing amplitude of the decimal system would be available for expressing the slightest variations in value. "A few coins of fractional values," he says, would serve for a precise adjustment of the debt due in pounds. Mr. West's illustration is convenient. On the assumption that silver had fallen in value from 19 to 1 to 19·04 to 1, and that the debt to be liquidated was £100, 1904 silver coins, each of the weight of a sovereign, would just meet the case. Suppose, however, that the debt instead of being £100 was £1—how would the fractional addition to the nineteen silver sovereigns—the twenty-fifth part of a shilling—be provided for? Would the silver half-penny take its place by the side of the silver sovereign, to be followed by the silver farthing when the international council of value finders had arranged that the ratio of value between the two metals was no longer 19·04 to 1, but 19·02?

It will be seen that Mr. West's scheme abounds in originality. For that reason it is to be hoped that it will provoke that serious discussion which, he explains, he aimed at when he took the *Times* into his confidence. Whether it is to be discussed from the point of view of known economic laws or from that of practical expediency is a question of individual preference. An eminent writer has just jauntily given the go-by to laws, economic and physical, by reminding us that they are after all only generalisations from experience, and that we need not let them hamper us over much. Mr. West thinks that he has kept closely to the lines laid down by simple and demonstrable economic laws, and as he expressly disclaims an attempt to regulate values he has at least tried to be less reckless than the illustrious statesman who has formally transferred the jurisdiction of the economists from the British Empire to Saturn. We are not sure, however, if he has not gone a little further than he intended. There is, of course, a plain distinction between "ascertaining" and "regulating" values, but if the International Monetary Council is to do all that Mr. West expects it to do it will regulate as well as ascertain. To declare that nineteen silver sovereigns are, according to the nearest ascertainable market ratio, equal to one gold one, and then to give them for six weeks at the least the status of legal tender, is to exercise regulative as well as declaratory functions. And as Mr. West confesses that "the fixation and regulation of relative values" may well be pronounced impossible, he must not wonder if there should be a prevalent disbelief in the practicability of his scheme. In whatever way it may be presented, it is impossible to regard it as anything other than a project for entrusting to an authority external to the market functions which the market alone can fulfil. The International Monetary Council may telegraph its mandates to the bourses of the world, but the market will settle values in its own way for all that. We have yet to learn that a legislative or quasi-legislative method of regulating the values of commodities—even when the commodities happen to be silver and gold—can override the operations of the simple and unchanging laws of exchange. M. Cernuschi believes that it can; but then M. Cernuschi bases this belief upon belief in a law antecedent to all laws, by which before the foundations of the earth were made it was decreed by the Eternal Equities that gold should through all times exchange against silver in the ratio of fifteen-and-a-half to one. Mr. West is less superstitious, but he is scarcely less confiding if he believes that the fiat of a council of cambists will bring about a certain and speedy recovery of silver from its present depression. He forswears in principle the heresy of the bi-metallists only to reaffirm it in practice. He, too, would stamp upon the inferior metal a value which the natural operations of the market might displace. He would answer, no doubt, that he avoids the mistake of the bi-metallists, inasmuch as he proposes that the value declared by the Conference shall last only for six weeks. But are we to suppose that the market will regularly take its cue from the Council, and that between each of its sittings the economic laws which regulate the interchangeability of commodities will obligingly stand in suspense?

The chief purpose of any solution of the silver problem must be to exchange certainty for uncertainty. We cannot share Mr. West's confidence in the adaptability of his scheme for the attainment of that eminently desirable end. A periodical declaration of the rate of interchangeability would be more likely to disturb than to settle. The weekly sale of bills by the Council of India is a small operation compared with what the six-weekly findings of the Monetary Council would be, and yet everybody knows how the rate of exchange rises and falls in sympathy with the rise and fall in the price which the Council gets for its bills. Would not the first effect of the institution of Mr. West's method be to encourage a larger speculation in exchange than would be consistent with a sound condition of finance? And what is to be the process by which the Council is to arrive at a more definite conclusion as to the relative values of gold and silver than the market itself can attain to? That it might sometimes become as much a matter of controversy as of calculation Mr. West himself seems to anticipate when he projects a Council whose decisions are to be registered on the vote of a majority. Yet in all this we are looking very far ahead. The experience which the world has thus far had of monetary conventions is not encouraging. The Latin Monetary Union has been saved from disruption by the skin of its teeth, and this is not the world-wide organisation that Mr. West's Council would be with its magnificent representation of money-using mankind from China to Peru. To be of any avail such a combination would need to be on the largest scale. No important silver-using nation must be omitted, if its decision is to have the universal authority which, according to Mr. West's hypothesis, must attach to the decisions of a tribunal which is to tell the world once in every six weeks how many silver sovereigns there are in a gold one. The task of organising such a combination would be so formidable that it seems almost premature to discuss the question whether it would work. If Mr. West is disposed to continue his advocacy of the scheme it might be well for him to address himself to the political preliminaries of the undertaking—to indicate the ways and means of persuading the money-using communities and the Governments who represent them that world-wide advantage would follow from this world-wide scheme.

THOSE of us who have made a lengthened stay in any of the cities of India, and seen but little of district life, are often apt to smile at the exaggerated fears which some of the fresh arrivals from Europe entertain about danger from snakes, and other poisonous reptiles. The traditional griffin never goes to bed without making a careful search under bolsters and blankets, nor puts on his boots or slippers without giving them a thorough shake. He suspects scorpions and centipedes to be lurking about everywhere, and ready to drop down on him at any time. His notions about the animal and insect life to be met with in India are the theme of many a joke, and remind one of the soldier's wife who on landing at Madras mistook the elephants she saw on the beach for mosquitoes, which she had heard described as creatures which lived on the blood, which they drew out of you with their suckers. But if poisonous reptiles do not swarm as thick as ants, there is a residuum of fact in these legendary fears, as is shown in the annual statement prepared by Government, showing the loss of life caused by wild animals and venomous snakes during the last year. As many as 22,425 human lives were lost during the year owing to this cause, not to mention the loss of 49,672 head of cattle. As many as 19,629 persons owed their deaths to snake-bite. The number, though insignificant when compared with the population of India, is in itself large enough to attract attention. We have often heard it stated that these figures like all other statistical figures are not reliable. Many cases of snake-bite are never reported, while on the other hand many deaths are attributed to snake-bite, either through ignorance or worse, which, if properly investigated, would expose some dark crime. But we imagine instances of either kind must be relatively few. The mortality from these causes is of course principally confined to the poorer class of natives, who have to pass most of their time in an unprotected state in snake-infested places. Amongst a certain class of them the snake is held in veneration as a god, and enjoys a dangerous immunity. In many cases persons bitten even by harmless snakes succumb through fear.

In connection with this, mention must be made of the many reputed cures of snake-bite which are constantly being reported, and turn up with as much frequency and regularity as the so-called preventives of cholera. Charlatans trade upon their supposed knowledge of some one of these, and enthusiasts experiment upon themselves, sometimes with fatal results. Some of these remedies, when they can be applied on the spot, are fairly effectual, but it is not always that this can be done. Those cases are very rare in which a man properly clothed receives mortal injury, for either the venom is retained on the clothes or their thickness prevents an incision. Many deaths are attributed to the native habit of sleeping in the open air on the bare ground. People have not yet availed themselves of the device of the American hunter who when benighted on the prairie, and anxious for safe repose, seeks out a clear space and surrounds it with a horse-hair rope. He then sleeps securely, without any fear of having his slumbers disturbed by creeping things. For it is said that the snake will never cross a horse-hair rope. Whether this is a peculiarity noticeable in American snakes alone we cannot tell. It certainly is on a par with the natural history fact that ants will not cross a chalk line. Enough has now been said about snakes. Last year the deaths caused by wild animals amounted to 2,795. Of these, tigers caused 831 deaths, wolves 265, leopards 229, and "other animals" 1,266. The term other animals includes jackals, alligators, crocodiles, and others. We are surprised to find that as many as 617 persons were killed by jackals. All these cases have occurred in Bengal and the North-West Provinces; only 70 in the latter, and the rest in the former. Surely these animals must have acquired an unheard-of ferocity in those parts, as all the world over they have the reputation of being slinking brutes. Turning to the war of extermination carried on against these ferocious animals and snakes, a comparison with the results of previous years is instructive. It is satisfactory to notice that in 1884 there was an increase from 19,890 in the previous year to 23,775 in the number of wild animals destroyed. In connection with this the Government Resolution on the subject has much to say as regards the issue of licenses for the possession of fire-arms. We do not wish to discuss here the merits of the Arms Act, but we may point out that in tiger-haunted Bengal as many as 495 of these royal beasts were slain by professional *shikaris*. It is pointed out that in many instances the fire-arms allowed to be used by these men are employed only in the destruction of harmless animals and birds that serve as food. District officers can use their influence to some purpose in this direction. There was a decline in the total number of snakes destroyed, from 412,782 in the previous year to 380,981 last year. This is to be regretted, as the insidious snake is responsible for more deaths than the lurking beast which roams through our jungles.

OUR PARIS LETTER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, OCT. 9.

BY 8 o'clock on Sunday morning, which was damp and foggy and Londonish, the polling offices, in all the arrondissements, opened their doors to the electors. Around each door crowds of men, hired by the electioneering committees to distribute printed lists of their favourite candidates, endeavoured to forward the views of their employers by thrusting their lists upon the electors as they arrived, and urging them to vote accordingly. Some of the independent electors who resented the importunity of the distributors were hustled and chaffed. This gave rise to wrangling, which required the interference, here and there, of the police. No fewer than 1,298 policemen were on duty at the two polling stations, besides 184 detectives who were distributed over the 20 arrondissements. But all passed off with wonderfully little excitement. The weather cleared up in the afternoon, and about five o'clock the broad pavements on both sides of the Avenue des Champs Elysées were crowded with well-dressed Parisians taking their customary promenade before dinner. The huge nondescript vehicles used by Cook's and Gaze's tourists, returning from the races at Auteuil, crossed the Place de la Concorde, on their way from the Cours-la-Reine to the Rue de Rivoli, and furnished a fruitful topic of conversation to the passers-by. Nobody would have supposed that the future of France was being decided by events then taking place hour by hour. Many, doubtless, were thinking of the elections, and speculating upon the result. But no outward manifestations were observable. I walked with a friend from the Palais de l'Industrie to the Palais Royal, passing the Jardin des Tuileries. Equipages rolled along the thoroughfares, and tens of thousands of pedestrians, men, women, and children, streamed homeward in all directions, as usual on any bright Sunday afternoon. We did not see a policeman.

But on Monday, when the election returns came in, and the astonishing successes of the Monarchists in the provinces were announced, the rabble began to look dangerous. Newspaper offices and other places of political resort were in a ferment all day, and as the evening wore on the news became more exciting. The *Gaulois* between nine and ten o'clock, displayed a transparency over its office-doors, in the Boulevard des Italiens. The device represented a Gallic cock crowing lustily over the legend "Journal Monarchiste—175 Deputés Conservateurs. Vive la France!" The members of the Republican party who happened

TELEGRAMS.

THE CRISIS IN UPPER BURMAH.

THE EXPEDITIONARY FORCE.

EXCITEMENT IN MANDALAY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

SIMLA, OCT. 30.

The Burmah expeditionary force will consist of one naval brigade, one field battery, two garrison batteries, one mountain British battery, two mountain native batteries, three regiments of British infantry, seven regiments of native infantry, including one of Pioneers, and six companies of Sappers and Miners.

Major-General Prendergast commands the force. Captain Aldworth, Bedfordshire Regiment, A.D.C.; Colonel Bengough, Assist Adjt. and Qr.-Mr.-G. Major MacNeill, Madras Infantry, Dy. Asst.; Captain Milne, Seaforth Highlanders, Major Symons, Borderers, Major Walker, 19th Madras Infantry, Dy. Assts.; Colonel Carey, commanding the R. A.; Captain Saunders, Adjutant; Colonel Sandford, commanding the R. E.; Major Wilkinson, Adjutant; field A. D. C.'s Shone, Hickson, Onslow, Lieutenant Tanner, and Captain Dickie; Superintendent Telegraphs, Lieutenant-Colonel Begbie, Madras Infantry; Army Signalling, Lieutenant-Colonel Hooper, Madras Cavalry, Provost Marshal. Dy Surgeon-General Donnelly goes as principal medical officer. Ordnance.—Major Fisher, R.A.; Captain Triscott, R.A.; Captain Macpherson, S.C., Paymaster. Commissariat—Lieutenant-Colonel Laughton; Major Hill, M.S.C. Chaplains.—Revds. Beatty and Hill. Brigades.—Commanders, Brigadier-Generals Norman, Foord, and White. Brigade-Majors—Captains Schalch, Clements, Borderers, Major Simpson, 11th M.I.

A reply to the ultimatum to Theebaw is not expected before the 10th November.

RANGOON, OCT. 30.

A Flotilla steamer which left Mandalay on Monday and reached Thayetmyo yesterday, reports that there are great excitement and confusion in Theebaw's capital. Consignments of goods have been returned to Rangoon. The lives of foreigners are threatened.

The *Rangoon Gazette's* correspondent says that the Kinwoon's party is powerful. Hence there are better prospects of a peaceable settlement.

Preparations for the expedition are going on vigorously here. The mail-trains are now guarded by pilot-engines on both lines.

MADRAS, OCT. 30.

The following troops are now encamped here; Gunners of Q. Battery 1st Brigade Royal Artillery; 12th Regiment Madras Pioneers; C. Company Queen's Own Sappers and Miners; H. and D. Companies of Queen's Own Sappers and Miners; 21st Regiment Madras Infantry; 1st Regiment Madras Infantry; 4th Battery 1st Brigade North Irish Division. The Royal Artillery is located in Fort St. George. The 2nd Battalion of the Hampshire Regiment will arrive in Madras to-morrow morning by special troop trains.

It is expected that the first steamer with troops for Burmah will leave Madras on Tuesday next.

The Governor, General Prendergast, and General Rowlands are all supervising arrangements, and in spite of bad weather satisfactory progress has been made.

The Secundra with stores leaves on Sunday, calling at Masulipatam and Bimlipatam for coolies.

THE TELEGRAPH IN SIAM.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 30.

The telegraph from Bangkok to Raheng is being extended to Chiengmai, where there is a British Vice-Consul. The extension, it is believed, will be in working order at the end of the year. On completion the Siamese Government intend to make branches to Luang Prabang down the Mekong Valley.

CHOLERA IN KANDAHAR.

A fresh outbreak of cholera has occurred in Kandahar.

THE VICEROY AT DELHI.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, OCT. 29.

His Excellency the Viceroy, replying to the address presented to him by the Delhi Municipality, thanked the deputation for the friendly terms of their address, and for the generous welcome granted on his arrival in their world-famed city. It had always been one of his great desires to visit the place which had been the capital of so magnificent an empire, and the scene of so many dramatic episodes in the history of India, and which was still the site of a multitude of architectural monuments of surpassing beauty. In dwelling on the record of the city's past, could any one [illegible] fail to be reminded of the duties and responsibilities of Government towards the Delhi of to-day, and its future? Though change of time and circumstances no longer admitted of Delhi being the centre and headquarters of administration, it must always remain one of the chief ornaments of Hindustan, and the home of a numerous and influential community whose prosperity and interests it will be the duty of all those responsible for the welfare of the country to enlarge, foster, and protect. His Excellency trusted this each advancing year would convince the inhabitants that though shorn of some of the liveliness and colour with which it was invested during the time of its former rulers, they will have obtained more solid, if more prosaic, compensation in the firm security for life and property, and the impartial administration of justice, which have been secured to it under the rule of the Queen-Empress. These conditions being supplied, it remained for the citizens of Delhi, by intelligence in their municipal administration, and the development of native arts and industries, to regain, or rather maintain, the preeminence enjoyed in the past. They could count upon his warmest sympathy. His Excellency thanked them for the kind words in which they referred to the efforts of the Government of Great Britain and India to preserve a condition of peace along our frontier. No doubt our tranquility was once seriously threatened, but thanks to the wisdom of those principally concerned, and especially to the loyalty and moderation of the Amir of Afghanistan, whose assent we were bound in honour to obtain before coming to a settlement with Russia, war, the greatest calamity with which a country can be afflicted, was, by the mercy of God, averted. His Excellency concluded by promising to convey the expressions of loyalty in the address to the Queen-Empress.

After refreshments the Viceregal party took their departure.

HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN AT DELHI

OCT. 30.

The Countess of Dufferin opened the St. Stephen's Hospital for Women at noon to-day. There was a large assembly of ladies and gentlemen and raceses of the city.

The Rev. Mr. Carlyon, in asking her ladyship to declare the hospital open, entered upon a history of the Medical Mission in Delhi, and paid a high tribute to the work of the late Mrs. Winter, the pioneer zenana worker in India, who started the medical work for women in Delhi in 1860, and dying, left a request to the mission to build a hospital for women. The foundation-stone was laid in January last by the Duchess of Connaught. The buildings were completed last month at a cost of Rs. 29,000. Generous contributions had been received, leaving a thousand only unpaid. A high tribute was paid to the noble work initiated by the Countess of Dufferin, in whose honour an ode was specially composed for the occasion, and sung by native Christian girls. The Countess inspected the three floors of the building, ascending the third in a patent lift. There was a special service of song by the Cambridge missionaries and converts, after which her ladyship declared the hospital open.

THE *GAZETTE OF INDIA.*

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 30.

The services of Mr. John Jardine, Judicial Commissioner of British Burmah, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

Mr. Barnes, Political, Quetta, is granted three months leave.

Furloughs.—Lieutenant-Colonel Morris, B. C., 240 days; Major Mosley, 3rd Sikhs, one year and 312 days; Captain Kensington, Mysore, one year; Captain Lewes, 2nd P. L., one year; Lieut Lamb, B. I., 307 days; Lieutenant Pirie, B. C., one year; Lieutenant Couper, 4th Goorkhas, one year; Surgeon-Major Jackson, 2nd P. L., one year and 71 days; Surgeon-Major Davis 4th Sikhs, one year and 65 days.

Major-General Bancock officiates for Colonel Stanton during the absence of the latter on privilege leave.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE ZANZIBAR QUESTION.

LONDON, OCT. 30.

A Commission has been appointed by England, France, and Germany for the purpose of delimitating the frontier of the possessions of the Sultan of Zanzibar on the mainland.

England will be represented on the Commission by Major Kitchener.

SIR H. DRUMMOND WOLFF.

CAIRO, OCT. 29.

Sir H. Drummond Wolff arrived here to-day from Constantinople on his special mission.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF M. DE FREYCINET.

PARIS, OCT. 29.

An attempt was made to-day on the life of M. de Freycinet (Minister for Foreign Affairs), who was shot at by an assassin, but fortunately escaped without any injury. The assassin, who was immediately arrested by the police, proved on examination to be a Corsican. He admitted that the act was premeditated.

TROOPSHIP MOVEMENT.

ISMAILIA, OCT. 29.

H. M. Troopship Serapis, homeward bound from Bombay, has passed the Canal.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, OCT. 29.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Maclean arrived here this morning.

The Cie Nationale's steamer Canton, from Bombay, passed through the Canal this evening, *en route* to Marseilles.

COLOMBO, OCT. 30.

French-mail steamer Melbourne from Suez arrived.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, OCT. 29.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm. Surats quiet.

The London Cotton Market has been quiet.

Good Fair Dhollera	4 9-16
4½ ,, ,,	7⅜
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	73⅜
3 ,, ,,	74⅜
3 ,, Consols for account	100⅛
3½ ,, Sterling Loan	102⅛
4½ ,, French Rentes	109⅜
Bar Silver	47 7-16

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

Reserve of notes and gold and silver coin in the Banking Department combined £11,800,000. Increase £100,000.

Bills discounted £20,800,000. Decrease £900,000.

Bullion, total amount in banking and issue department combined £30,700,000. Decrease £200,000.

The proportion of the reserve to the liabilities is 39 per cent.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(OCTOBER 30.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Fao, perfect. *Via* Turkey, interrupted. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, interrupted. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

Next Mauritius mail closes Aden 6 a.m. Tuesday.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY, NIGHT, OCT. 29.

10 p.m.	79·4

FRIDAY, OCT. 30.

6 a.m.	76·9
10 a.m.	83·2
2 p.m.	87·1
4 p.m.	85·6

In consequence of the resignation of his post by Mr. Byramjee Sorabjee, Assistant Superintendent, Government Veterinary College, the Bai Sakarbai Dinshaw Petit Hospital for Animals will not be opened on the 1st November as arranged. The executive committee of the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals are in communication with the local Government in regard to placing at their disposal the services of some qualified veterinary surgeon to enable them to open the hospital without any further delay.

Theebaw, though given to speak very brave words, does not always appear to have the courage to act up to them. The *Rangoon Gazette* remarks:—"The very fact that notwithstanding the threat of the Burmese Government to enforce their decree against the Bombay-Burmah Corporation they have up to date taken no steps to do so shows that they recognise the danger to be incurred thereby. Whether therefore it be on the subject of a Residency with an adequate guard, or the shoe or any other question, we may expect equally satisfactory results if we only adopt the same method to attain them."

Speculation is rife just now as to the probable successor of Theebaw. A correspondent of the *Rangoon Gazette* names a few possible candidates for the throne, but not one of them seems to be a very desirable neighbour, and the impression given by his enumeration of their qualifications and disqualifications is that, as things go in Upper Burmah, Theebaw, though an accomplished savage, is a very good king. The correspondent says:—

First is the Nyoung Oke Prince, now in Calcutta. I know him well and intimately. He would be no improvement upon Theebaw. I know not one good trait in his character. He is proud, arrogant, cringing, selfish. He is a tyrant and a coward. "Is he not a pucka brute?" said a political officer who knew him well to me as the prince stalked through my rooms scorning to speak to any one. Give him Theebaw's opportunities, and he would, I verily believe, outrival him. No. 2 is the Meingoon Prince, now at Pondicherry. He has put himself out of the running by coquetting with the French. He has sought and obtained advice from all his friends. With one voice they advised return to British territory and submission to Lord Dufferin. He has rejected their advice, and must take the consequences. The remembrance of his murder of his uncle, the Crown Prince, and of his cousins would hardly be a recommendation. No. 3 is the silly Nagabo, who after a short sojourn in Rangoon Jail, is now rusticating in Akyab. He is a nice youth—there is nothing against him except that if as a poor dependent refugee he refuses to obey his elders and rulers, he does not give promise of being a very tractable kingling—even if he does not in Burman fashion bear in mind the "injuries" that he has received here. No. 4 is that lamentable failure, the Limbin Prince. Everything that kindness could do to help him on was done. He was treated with exceptional gentleness and liberality. He has turned out badly in every respect. He is not to be thought of.

The peaceful little colony of Chandernagore took little interest in the recent election of a Deputy to represent the French East Indies. Only 345 out of 5,000 registered electors took the trouble to record their votes, the figures standing—84 for Piérre Alype, and 261 for Maurice Rouvier. The *Petit Bengali* bemoans the sad indifference of the electoral body, and declares that the people of Bengal have no interest in public affairs, in spite of their infatuation over local self-government. According to French experience, even when municipal matters are at stake, it requires "force baxiches et voiture" to bring together a thousand electors.

The latest news from the tea districts is that blight is very prevalent in most gardens in the Terai. The manufacturing reports from Assam are generally unfavourable, and indicate a great falling-off in quantity as compared with the original estimates, but Kachar and Sylhet are having favourable weather both for growth and manufacture.

Referring to the "grand old umbrella" of the Liberal party, a Calcutta paper remarks:—We in the East know that the umbrella is an emblem of authority and power; that the bellicose and blustering Theebaw has no prouder title than Lord of the Golden Umbrella; that the King, the minister, and the pandit has each his appropriate *chhatra*, and that in the guise of the every-day and cheaper *chhati* it is often carried in token of respectability when no stress of wind or sunshine calls for its elevation. Perhaps some of us remember that the satraps of ancient Persia were probably only *chatti walas*, Governors whose merits and magnificence required to be denoted by umbrellas or *satras*. It should be some satisfaction to the truly conservative mind to know that, although the umbrella in India has become as common as the dust on the highways, Mr. Gladstone is determined to preserve for it something of its old emblematic significance and honour."

A Reuter's telegram from Liabon says despatches received there from St. Jacques, Cape de Verd, dated the 7th instant, announces that the governor of St. Thomas has, at the request of the King of Dahomey, declared a Portuguese protectorate over the kingdom and coast of Dahomey. The King, as a mark of respect for Portugal, engages to cease the massacres on the occasion of the *fêtes*.

The *Novoe Vremya* makes an announcement which, if not explained, is certain to raise a storm of recrimination in the Russian press, to the effect that a censorship has been established in London over newspaper correspondence by telegraph. The newspaper publishes two notes from a post-master, addressed to the special correspondent of the *Novoe Vremya*, now in London, informing the latter that his telegraphic despatches to St. Petersburg had not been sent, because they were against the regulation of the convention and "contrary to the rules of the country." At the same time, the correspondent affirms that the despatches in question, although very urgent, were quite inoffensive, and he thus excuses himself for not having telegraphed anything to his journal from London on the subject of the Roumelian revolution. The *Novoe Vremya*, after commenting on this and on the extreme difficulty which it has experienced in obtaining telegraphic intelligence from abroad in reference to Bulgarian affairs, owing to the suppressions of foreign censors, especially in Austria, says that it never expected anything like this from England.

Mourad Bey, Director of Government Education at Constantinople, has just concluded a tour in the Caucasus, where he has been seeking materials for an historical work on the Turkish empire and people which has occupied much of his time and attention. Mourad Bey possesses some knowledge of the Russian language, a rare accomplishment among his countrymen. He has even translated a Russian play—Griboiedoff's "The Misfortune of Having Knowledge"—into Turkish.

Several men of the Brigade of Guards who served in the Soudan campaign have been transferred to the first-class Army Reserve. Several have obtained civil employment in London, while others have joined the Metropolitan police. A few who were entitled to their discharge have re-engaged to complete the twelve and in some cases twenty-one years with the colours.

Baron Hubner, who was recently in Bombay, has written an account of his travels, under the title "Through the British Empire," which will be shortly published.

King Leopold's new State on the Congo is not to be allowed to have all its own way without twenty-three native chiefs of the neighbourhood of Boma knowing the reason why. These chiefs have sent a petition to the King of Portugal praying for deliverance from "the ferocity of our greatest enemy," Sir Francis de Winton's government. The spectacle of twenty-three black kings all in a towering passion would be enough to daunt Mr. Stanley himself. The chiefs complain that their lands were taken from them by fraud; that they have always considered themselves as the vassals of Portugal; and that they do not intend to be quietly dispossessed by the Free State. Quite the contrary, indeed. They have 3,000 men who intend to make things unpleasant around Boma if their masters do not get their rights. Altogether the petition is very truculent indeed; and it would be interesting to know a little more about its origin.

At the annual congress of German naturalists and physicians in Strasburg last month there was a lively debate on acclimatisation. It was opened by Professor Virchow, who drew a parallel between the German peoples of the present day and the Romans of the past as colonisers. He doubted whether the Germans were fitted to acclimatise themselves in the hot zones. At the first outset, he observed, there is a certain exciting pleasure in the unusual climate; but this soon passes away, and the settler's health is shaken and the whole organism shattered. In his opinion persons of pure or mixed Semitic blood are capable of enduring these changes with least damage; the Aryan race cannot stand them. Physical and mental degeneration develop in proportion to the distance which the pure German removes from his native zone. Marriages become unfruitful. He confessed that he had not yet been able to obtain as exact and full statistics as he could have wished.

A gentleman wants the *Times* to tell him what he should do. He is a Liberal; but he cannot make up his mind to support a Liberal candidate. He is a Churchman; but he is reluctant to vote against the party that would overthrow the Church. That is really what it amounts to. His own way of putting it is that he is a Churchman first and a Liberal afterwards. "If I vote for the Liberal candidate, as I have been accustomed to do, I shall undoubtedly play into the hands of the Liberationists; if I vote for the Conservative candidate I shall incur the charge of deserting my party." So he thinks to get out of his difficulty by abstaining from voting at all.

MILITARY NEWS.

The *Kavkas* says that there are in the Russian Army 30,000 officers. "We will suppose that of these 5,000 are young adults, who seek the higher curriculum of a military education. Five hundred of these 5,000 yearly undergo examination at the Academy of the General Staff, and of that number only 100 get through the tests. The entry to the Academy is limited to 50 officers in each year. Not wishing to have in future such a huge number of half-trained officers in the ranks of the Russian Army, the Government intend allowing all officers who pass the required examinations to attend the lectures given at the Academy of the General Staff."

There is a possibility that a portion of the troops in the Allahabad command will be quartered in the hot season on a hill within easy reach by rail. The military authorities contemplate taking the step, it is stated, on the suggestion of Sir Herbert Macpherson, who thinks that during those months of the rainy season at least when cholera is always a possibility among the troops in Allahabad it would be well to have as many of them as possible quartered somewhere on the healthy, wind-swept plateau to the south of the Gangetic plain. The place at present selected as most likely to suit the purpose is the hill called Naro, near the Sutna railway station. This hill is about nine miles from the station, five miles along the highroad to Rewa, and four across country. All the road-making required to make the place accessible would be merely sufficient to cover this latter distance. The hill rises 800 or 900 feet above the surrounding plain, which is slightly over 1,000 feet above sea level. The average elevation of the plateau on top, which is six miles long by about half-a-mile broad, is about 1,900 feet above the sea, and its highest point is 1,960. The geological formation is Upper Vindhyan, consisting of thick beds of standstone, hard shale, and conglomerate, so that there would be no lack of building material on the spot. The slope is gradual on all sides, and the natural drainage perfect.

ENTERTAINMENT TO THE INDIAN CONTINGENT.

The programme for the entertainment this afternoon to the troops of the Indian Contingent returned from Egypt is as follows:—The troops, aggregating 1,738, of all ranks, will parade in khaki, with waist-belts, but without side-arms and march to the Oval. They will march independently to the parade ground of the Marine Battalion, where they will be formed up at 3-30 p.m. in columns facing east, under the command of the senior officer present. The columns will move off thence by fours from the right (preceded by the bands of the 9th M. I. and Marine Battalion) along Cruickshank-road, to the G. I. P. Railway station; thence down Hornby-road, the Esplanade-road, and Fuller-road, to the triumphal arch leading into the Oval. Officers in garrison attending the fête will do so in undress, white or khaki; the staff in khaki.; The soldiers' sports will be from 4 to 6 p.m.; the fireworks from 6 to 7 p.m.; the dinner from 8 to 9 p.m. and the nautches from 9 p.m. till midnight. It will be seen from a notice issued by the Acting Commissioner of Police that gentlemen holding tickets are to drive along the Queen's-road from the Churchgate-street end, alight at the entrance erected on the left side of the road behind the pavilion, and send their carriages straight on to the Band-stand, where they will remain till the conclusion of the fireworks. The Mayo-road will be open to the public as usual.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

VICEREGAL CAMP, NAHUN, OCT. 25.

Although the arrangements made for the Viceroy's tour this winter are very similar to those organised for Lord Ripon's shooting excursion in 1881, yet the presence of the Countess of Dufferin has somewhat enhanced its importance. The Raja of Nahun, with the assistance of Colonel Whiting and Mr. McNabb, the Commissioner of Umballa, organised camps at the various stages, where every imaginable comfort was obtainable. The journey had to be performed on horse-back for a distance of forty-one miles, which were broken up into easy stages of twelve miles each. The Viceregal party left Sima on Tuesday, the 20th inst., at 8-30 and drove in paactous and tongas to Dugshai. Breakfast was partaken of at Solon, and Dugshai was reached by 10 o'clock. The officers of the Highland Light Infantry had the honour of entertaining their Excellencies at lunch. They entertain in princely style. The Viceroy's party consisted of eleven only, so as to make the travelling as light as possible. Rai Bahadur Daolat Ram, the superintendent of Government mail tongas, superintended the carriage of the luggage and camp equipage, and, I must say, was very successful in everything he undertook. The Raja of Nahun's horses took us on from Dugshai. Starting at about 4 o'clock we rods first to Nyna, about nine miles distant. We reached at 5-30. The Raja's cavalry formed the escort, and at the camp there was a complement of infantry for sentry and guard-of-honour work. The road is all down-hill, and there is nothing in the way of scenery to render it more attractive than any other hill route from the large sanitarium of India. Dinner was in camp, the only extra people present being the Commissioner of Umballa and the Superintendent of police on duty with us. The next march was from Nyna to Sarun, a distance of thirteen miles. This was accomplished in the morning, with a little partridge and hare shooting *en route*. All arrived in time for breakfast, after which His Excellency and party betook themselves to business. His Excellency was closeted for some hours with the Foreign Secretary, very likely with regard to affairs in Burmah. The next day the camp broke up at Sarun and moved for twelve miles to Boynter. The programme here was pretty much the same. From Boynter we marched in here. The arrival was very imposing. The troops lined the streets, the people crowded the hoistetops, the Chief came out in state and did everything in his power to invest the occasion with as much pomp and show as possible. One of the best palaces was fitted up for their Excellencies, and the staff received equal attention. There is not much to be seen here, except the various works which the Raja has started with machinery from home. These will all be visited during the course of the day. We will then place ourselves in the hands of Rai Bahadur Daolut Ram, who will convey us in tongas to Majra, where we halt till Monday night. Majra is a tract of jungle between Dehra Dhun and the Sevaliks. The later, of course, are at a great distance. The jungles of Majra are very thick; there are no big forests, but mostly dense underwood, filled with tigers, leopards, and sambhur. Sand abounds, and a road has been extemporised with straw, so as to break the pull for the horses. It is hoped that, if His Excellency goes tiger shooting, he will meet with as good luck as Lord Ripon, who brought his first "stripes" down first shot, dead as a door nail. The tigress, it may be remembered, attacked a Ghoorka who was beneath the Viceroy's machan, and mauled him. She fell to a well-directed bullet from Captain C. W. Muir's rifle. The Raja has made as good arrangements for a bag for Lord Dufferin. Their Excellencies are accommodated in a small shooting box of the Raja's, and we are all in camp around. This being Sunday, everything is quiet. To-morrow there will be something worth writing about. The heat is great during the day. At night we have fires in tents, and fires all round the camp.

ARRIVAL OF H. M. S. MALABAR.

H. M. S. Malabar, Captain A. C. H. Paget, arrived in harbour yesterday from Portsmouth, which port she left on the 30th. Sept., calling at Queenstown 2nd. Oct., Malta 11th inst., Port Said 15th. Oct. She had experienced fine weather throughout the trip; during the voyage one child two months old died in the Red Sea. She brought 5 officers, 1,148 men, 30 women and 30 children. The following is the list of officers and their families:—

Col. C. J. C. Roberts, 2nd Norfolk.
Maj. C. G. Boliths, 3rd Dr Guards.
Maj. E. M. M. Pleydell and wife, 8th Huss.
Maj. T. K. S. Hickman, 14th Huss.
B. L. G. Hon. G. H. Gough and wife and child, 14th Huss.
Capt. J. H. Banks, wife and 3 children, 7th Dr. Guards.
Capt. A. B. Phipps, 2nd S. W. Bord.
Capt. Bulwe, B. S. Corps.
Lieut. J. W. P. Peters, 7th Dr. Guards.
" J. G. B. Simerdon, wife and 2 children, 7th Dr. Guards.
" A. Hesederson, 8th Huss.
" C. E. S. Henry, 14th Huss.
" O. T. Pereira, 2nd Bed.
" R. H. L. Warner, 2nd Bed.
" E. C. Wright, 2nd Bed.
" J E L Gibbs, 2nd Bed.
" D C Boyer, 2nd Cheshire.
" T C Hughes, 2nd Cheshire.
" A de C Scott, 2nd Cheshire.
" J Rea, 1st K O Bord.
" G E L Gilberts, 2nd Dar.
" C H Beville, 1st Worc.
" R Cooper, 7th Dr Guards.
" H E Davis, 1st Bord Regt.
" H S Fallett, 7th Dr Guards.
" G Hear, 2nd Norfolk.
" W Rea, 1st Bord Regt.
" S Robertson, 14th Huss.
" F S Widdicombe, 1st Worc.
" H M Brownlow, 2nd R Lanc.
" R C Cockerville, 2nd S W Bord.
" L E C Elwes, 1st Dar.
" D Elsmie, 1st S York Regt.
" L W Fox, 1st Dar L I.
" A Fenton, 1st Dar L I.
" G S Fraser, 2nd E York Regt.
" O B Harvey, 2nd Leices Regt.
" E R O Ludlow, 2nd R Fus.
" Reid, 2nd S Wales Bord.
" H S Strangeways, E Lanc.
" W D Smith, 2nd R Scott Fus.
" H B Townsend, 1st Lein Regt.
" G P Thompson, 2nd Wilts.
" S T Tighe, 2nd E York Regt.
" C Venables, 2nd Gloucces.
" W G Walker, 1st Suff.
" C A R Browne, wife and child, R E.
" G A Welman, M S C.
Surg Maj T Howard, M S
Surg J D P Reckitt, M S
Vety Surg W Appleton and daughter
Vety Surg E J Lawson, A V D
Vety Surg H Wilkinson, A V D
Surg Fitth and child, M S
Wife of Lieut J G Ramsey and child
Wife of Lieut J G Quentine, B S C
Wife of Lieut W L Boswell, B S C
Rev T Moyinhan, Sub-Cond
Sub-Cond G Smith, wife and four children
Widow of Cond Wray, Bl Ord Dept

FROM QUEENSTOWN.

Brig Surg T Walsh and wife, M S
Capt T W C Leathem, 2nd Gloss
Capt W J T Morgan, 2nd R Irish Regt
Lieut J C Gale, 2nd W Yorkshire
Lieut T W Ewatt, 1st Bord Regt
Lieut P O Boileau, 1st Bord Regt
Vety Surg J G O'Donnell, A V D

THE INDIAN CONTINGENT RECEPTION FUND.

	Rs.
Amount previously acknowledged	76151
Shivshankar Govindram	10
Cursetji Mancherji's Sons	5
H. P. Sharpe	5
A. Parsee	5
N. M. Patell	5
Major A. B. Portman	5
Col. A. J. Moore	10
F. W. Shailis	5
Hormusji M. Chichgur	5
Nanu N. Kothare	5
E. B. Vears	5
G. E. H.	5
G. E.	5
H. J. P. Thompson	5
W. C. Rowe	5
Hormusji N. Vakil	5
C. A. Turner	10
J. Flynn	5
Donations under Rs. 5 (Bank)	20
Nanabhoy B. Jeejeobhoy	25
J. L. Greaves	5
Donations under Rs. 5 (J.D.W.)	15
	77891

Subscribers are requested to send in their subscriptions to the National Bank of India.

Advice to Mothers.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A special general meeting of the Corporation was held on Thursday, Mr. P. M. Mehta presiding. There were present:—Captain Morland, Major Portman, Lieut.-Col. Merewether, Dr. Thomas Blaney, Messrs. Anundrao Narayan Vasudev, Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, the Hon. Dadabhai Naorojee, Messrs. Damodhur T. Mooljee, Desabhai Framjee, Grattan Geary, Gokuldas Jugmohundas, Jehangier B. Murzban, K. M. Shroff, Karsandas Valluhdas, Kharshedjee Nusserwanjee Servai, Mirza Husan Khan, Muljee Bhawanidas Barbhaya, Khan Bahadur Muncherjee Cawasjee Murzban, Messrs. Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee, Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy, Raghunath Narayan Khote, Shivjee Dhurmajee, Tribhowandas Munguldas Nuthoobhoy, Tribhowandas Vurjeewundas, and Vundrawundas Purshotumdas.

THE FALKLAND-ROAD OLD SEWER.

The first item of business was the question of the proposed repairs to the Falkland-road old sewer.

Colonel Merewether said the sewer had now for many years caused great inconvenience and impediment to traffic in the neighbourhood. The Town Council had had before them four different proposals with regard to repairing this broken sewer, one of which was estimated to cost Rs. 65,000, another Rs. 40,000, and two others much smaller sums than these. But, after careful consideration, the Town Council thought it absolutely necessary to spend the largest amount. The Corporation had passed a resolution on the 13th April last calling for information as to the state of the arch of the drain from the outside. The Deputy Municipal Commissioner, Mr. Acworth, had reported that no further survey was necessary, and that the Corporation had evidently arrived at their decision in April last under the impression that no survey sufficiently satisfactory had been made to justify the large expenditure. The speaker concluded by moving that, as recommended by the Town Council, the Corporation sanction the payment of Rs. 65,388, from surplus cash balance, to meet the cost of the repairs to the old Falkland-road sewer, as was proposed by the Municipal Commissioner.

Captain Morland seconded the proposition.

Dr. Blaney said it had struck him, as a non-professional man, that the report of a subterranean survey, like the one that had been made, was of a most unsatisfactory nature, and was not calculated to induce the Corporation to vote a very large sum of money. Colonel Merewether had given no reason why the money should be obtained from the surplus cash balance, when the expenditure essentially belonged to the first section of the sewerage system. Speaking without book, it appeared there was no money available for this work in the drainage allotment, which ought to be applied to contingencies like the present. Considering the pecuniary condition of the city and its wants that were to be very soon provided for at a very great expense, it did not justify the Corporation in spending from the surplus cash balance Rs. 65,000 to mend an old water drain. There were many works of far greater importance to which the money drawn from this source could more appropriately be applied. Let them go on for another year, carefully examine what their financial condition would be, and then decide what sum should be devoted towards repairing the drain. Four hundred feet of the drain had fallen in, half of which had been repaired by the contractors, Sir Thomas Tuomson and Co., at a very handsome figure, and in a very few days the traffic began to run over it. It appeared, therefore, that Rs. 65,000 was too large a sum for repairing the remaining 200 feet of the sewer. Dr. Blaney moved an amendment to the effect that the Corporation should adhere to their resolution passed on the 13th April last.

Mr. Shewjee Dharmajee seconded the amendment.

The Municipal Commissioner said it was four years since the late Mr. Bapty had on repeated occasions called his attention to the subject, and asked how long the Corporation would take to repair the drain. It was now more than two years since a member had given notice of a question asking when the repairs would be undertaken; and it was now a year since he (the Commissioner) had uttered a last despairing cry, and asked the Executive Engineer how long the scandal—for such it undoubtedly was—would be allowed to continue. It was six months since the Corporation had passed a resolution calling for further survey. The resolution was not of much consequence, as the rains being near at hand the work could not have been undertaken at the time. But now that the working season had commenced, he would strongly press upon the Corporation not to allow it to pass without remedying the evil. At first it was believed that a very small amount would be sufficient to repair the damage, but when they actually began to do the work, they found that the damage was very much greater than they had supposed. Here was no hypothetical estimate before them, and it would be for the Corporation to decide whether they should be guided by the advice of Dr. Blaney or by that of their responsible officers. He wished as strongly as Dr. Blaney that the large expenditure might somehow be avoided. From a financial point of view it would be most embarrassing to incur the expenditure on a work of this kind. But it must be made. Dr. Blaney said it was a most unjustifiable expenditure, but he (the Commissioner) would be more accurate in saying it was a most deplorable and regrettable expenditure. As to the actual extent of the damage, it appeared from careful surveys that it extended over 2,013 feet. The present estimate was based upon the supposition that one of the arches was to be rebuilt entirely. But it might be discovered that the whole amount now estimated would not be required, and the work could be carried out for something less. Some members of the Corporation forget how much of the great allowed for the first section of the sewerage scheme had been re-appropriated. But, as a matter of fact, there was more than enough left to pay for the present work, if indeed it had been considered wise to do so. He thought it would, perhaps, be better to allow the question of ultimate adjustment to stand over until the Corporation knew exactly what it cost.

Captain Morland said the supports of the sewer had been greatly damaged, and they might very possible be washed away next monsoon. This was a very wide drain, and an enormous rush of water bursting through it might inundate the whole of that neighbourhood. The work to be taken in hand was, therefore, of a very emergent nature.

Dr. Blaney said he had no objection to the necessary repairs being made after the drain had first been carefully examined.

The Hon. Dadabhai Naoroji remarked that, on the one hand, Dr. Blaney said the damage was confined to 200 feet of the drain, while the Municipal Commissioner and the engineers on the other hand said it extended over 2,000 feet. If they were to accept the statement of their professional advisers, there was no alternative but to sanction the grant to repair the damage.

On a division the amendment was lost by a large majority, and Colonel Merewether's proposition was carried.

TOWN DUTY ON WHEAT.

On the motion of Colonel Merewether, the Corporation recorded the Government resolution, dated 30th March last, on the subject of municipal taxation and expenditure in the Bombay Presidency, including Sind, for 1883-84, and the annual Administration Report of the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay for the same period. The Corporation also recorded the following letter from the Deputy Municipal Commissioner, regarding the levy of town duty on wheat, with the expression of their entire concurrence in the observations contained therein:—

Bombay, 10th August, 1885.

To the Secretary to Government, General Department.

Sir,—With reference to Government Resolutions regarding the levy of town duty on wheat by this Municipality, I have the honour to forward herewith a copy of the Resolution of the Municipal Corporation containing their views on the subject, as also a copy of the bye-laws sanctioned by Government, which lay down the system under which refunds of octroi are granted on re-exportation, under the provisions of section 120 of the Bombay Municipal Acts of 1872 and 1878.

I have to invite special attention to the provisions of rules IV. and XI. of these bye-laws, and to observe that the former of these rules exempts all goods (which of course includes wheat) which are taken direct from the railway station to the bunders, *sic per se*, for exportation, and that the latter provides special facilities for obtaining refunds in cases in which grain has entered the town and has therefore paid town duty before exportation. I may add that no complaint from the mercantile community has ever been received against the levy, and refer to the previous correspondence ending with the Municipal Commissioner's No. 13109 of 11th March, 1884, on the subject.—I have, &c.,

H. A. ACWORTH,
Deputy Municipal Commissioner.

THE SURFACE DRAINAGE RESERVOIR.

The Corporation next proceeded to discuss the minutes submitted by members of the committee appointed to consider the question of the surface drainage reservoir on the Flats. The report has already been published.

Colonel Merewether said it was very much to be regretted that the committee were unable to arrive at a unanimous opinion on all the points which came before them for consideration. There was, however, unanimity among the members as to increasing the area of the reservoir and facilitating the escape of storm-water from Chinchpoogly and Parel. Colonel Merewether moved that the committee's report be recorded, and that the Municipal Commissioner be requested to make the necessary proposals with regard to increasing the area of the reservoir, as recommended by him, and

which by birth, education, and ability they may fairly and justly lay claim.

3. That notwithstanding many of your memorialists are the descendants of Englishmen who rendered good service to the Crown over a hundred years ago, and who died in India, they are, owing to the misfortune of being born in this country, denied the rights and privileges that British subjects in other portions of Her Majesty's dominions enjoy, and are not allowed equal advantages with Her Majesty's native subjects.

4. That at the present time your memorialists do not possess the privilege of representation in the English Parliament or in the Viceregal or other Councils in India, although instances are not wanting to prove that some of your memorialists possess qualifications that fit them for high and important duties in various departments of the State from which they are at the present time practically excluded.

5. That the governing power in India is at the present time exercised by the Covenanted Civil Service which is almost entirely composed of persons having no permanent residence in the country, and an interest that only attaches to the period of their sojourn here, and that your memorialists are precluded from competing for the appointments in that service owing to the examinations being held in England where they are unable to proceed.

6. Much of the injury and injustice your memorialists suffer from, they believe, may be traced to such utterances as that appearing in the budget speech of Major Evelyn Baring, Financial Member of Council at Calcutta, in the month of February, 1882, when it was for the first time declared with all the force of a Government declaration that "the admission of Europeans to the general uncovenanted service has been forbidden, and they will gradually disappear from its ranks, which declaration of inequality and exclusion your memorialists pray may be pondered for the future absolutely impossible, and inasmuch as it has never been declared that your memorialists are not duly qualified according to the terms of Her Most Gracious Majesty's proclamation, your memorialists rely upon the following words in the said proclamation for a removal of the disability complained of:—"It is our further will that so far as may be, our subjects of whatever race or creed be freely and impartially admitted to offices in our service, the duties of which they may be qualified by their education, ability, and integrity duly to discharge."

7. Your memorialists have heard with unspeakable satisfaction of the intention of your honourable House to appoint a commission to take evidence regarding the past administration of this country and present state of its affairs and people. Your memorialists trust that they may have the opportunity of placing their grievances before such commission in more detail and of supplying such evidence as will enable your honourable House to deal with the different interests existing in the country in such a manner as will diminish, if not remove, their present disabilities, promote peaceful industry and secure the prosperity and contentment of all classes of Her Majesty's Indian subjects.

Your memorialists therefore humbly pray—

a.—That all recent legislation tending to reduce them to a lower level or convert them into a class distinct from, or in any way inferior to, the personal status and rights enjoyed by any of Her Majesty's British subjects in the United Kingdom, Australia, Canada, Ceylon, South Africa, and all other parts of the Empire, be abrogated, annulled, and cancelled.

b.—That if your memorialists are considered to come under the provisions of the Statute 33 Victoria Chap. 3 defining all domiciled residents of India as natives of this country, that, then, your memorialists pray that the promises made to them in Her Majesty's Proclamation of 1858 in the following words—We hold ourselves bound to the natives of our Indian territories by the same obligations of duty which bind us to all our other subjects and those obligations by the blessing of Almighty God we shall faithfully and conscientiously fulfil" may be carried out.

c.—That the practice of sending out to India for a few years men of great learning and ability, but without Indian experience, to fill high and almost irresponsible offices, such as that of the Law Member of Council, without their having any fixed or permanent interest in the country, be discontinued.

d.—That full inquiry be made into the present and past condition of those Anglo-Indians and descendants of Europeans domiciled in India whom your memorialists represent with a view to the removal of the disabilities they at present labour under.

e.—That the right of trial by jury at present enjoyed by European British subjects, but denied to Eurasians and the descendants of domiciled Englishmen whose ancestors may have resided for more than two generations in India, may be extended to all your memorialists alike.

f.—That the right of franchise or right to elect representatives in Parliament, and on to the Councils in India, and also on to any future representative Council that may hereafter be established in India, be granted to a reasonable extent to your memorialists.

g.—That all Acts of the Indian legislature which in their operations have tended to separate your memorialists from Englishmen who are not domiciled in India, be annulled, repealed, and cancelled.

h.—That examinations for the civil and other services be held in India as well as in England, and the appointments be awarded according to the proved fitness of candidates without favour to those residing in either country.

i.—That returns be called for of all official and other correspondence and statistics bearing upon the matters contained and referred to herein.

And your memorialists, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

The memorial was read amidst much applause.

Mr. A. E. Abbott then proposed the following resolution:—That this meeting, having heard the terms of the memorial for submission to Parliament for a removal of those disabilities under which the domiciled European and his descendants labour, heartily endorses the sentiments therein expressed, and is unanimously of opinion that early steps should be taken to have it largely signed throughout India, and agrees to support the movement to the best of its ability.

In seconding the resolution, Mr. Winterbottom thought it was the duty of every Englishmen, and every descendant of Englishmen, however far removed, to heartily support the memorial. (Hear, hear.) It was the place of every man who had English blood in his veins to endorse the sentiments it expressed. (Hear, hear.) The resolution was agreed to unanimously.

In proposing the next resolution Mr. Hawkins said: In 1796 Lord Teignmouth (Sir John Shore) made a representation to the Board of Directors in reference to the disabilities of the Eurasian community, of whom another great statesman said they were like a cloud, big as a man's hand, rising in the horizon, but which he predicted would soon grow so that it would tax the statesmanship of the country to watch its interests. With regard to the community, Lord Teignmouth said everything was done to crush and keep them down. That was in 1796, when they were rapidly increasing in numbers and in wealth. The interest of the Eurasian was one with that of the Englishman who comes to live and settle in this country. For one man who comes out here, and is able to shake the pagoda tree, make his fortune, and then go home, there are ten men who stay in the country and settle under these disabilities—(hear, hear)—the disabilities referred to in this memorial and in all the history of the community. Therefore they did not tread on delicate ground. The speaker said he was a Eurasian, but his interests were identical with those of every Englishman. What had been written by Lord Teignmouth, Sir John Malcolm, Lord Charles Metcalfe might be written to-day of the community. They met now to move that the disabilities of the Eurasians and domiciled Europeans be removed. What are the disabilities? In the first place, that by being excluded from the examinations in England no Eurasian or domiciled European, or their children, could hope to attain any positions of responsibility in India. It was said that every French soldier carried a marshal's baton in his knapsack, and that every American lad could hope to be President of his country; but while here they were patriotic, loyal, hardworking, fulfilling the conditions of political and social requirements, the children of the Eurasian and European could not hope to be appointed to a place of trust under a benign Government unless they obtained the previous sanction of the Secretary of State. (Hear, hear.) The speaker predicted, though he said he was no prophet, that the time would come when these examinations would be held in India, and the army would be open to them. It was a deplorable state of things that no Eurasian or domiciled European could have any possible chance of governing his own fellow-subjects, and although made, by statute, natives of India they could not hope to compete with the coloured man, with the natives of the country. In saying this he (the speaker) had not one feeling of unkindness towards any one. Where, he asked, could the Eurasian or domiciled European be found who had been raised from the uncovenanted ranks from obscurity to the highest position. A native, because he was a native, had been raised to the Bench. It would be found all over the land that the tendency is to crush out the domiciled European and Eurasian, and to listen to the cry "India for the Indians." India, the speaker said, was for the European and Eurasian, and competitive examinations should be allowed. Let their children and grandchildren take their stand, and if they passed, give them the positions they would thus be entitled to. He community possessed all that went to make up a good community, but they did not possess wealth. And in the end it shows Government is not the Government of intellect, but Government of wealth. (Shame and hear, hear.) There had been an agitation, the speaker went on to say, raised for the admission of Eurasians into the Army. Why could not the son of the Eurasian and domiciled European be allowed to take the shilling and serve under Her Majesty's banner? In 1878 the Calcutta Anglo-Indian Eurasian Association raised the question of sanctioning a scheme for forming a regiment of Eurasians. Government took one year to answer the petition. (Shame.) In 1879 Government was pleased in a measure to entertain the scheme, and were willing to receive the loyalty and services of the Eurasian and domiciled European and allow them the privileges of sepoys, and in fact to enlist them as sepoys. (Hear, hear and shame.) If Government had entertained the scheme there would have been a saving of ten lakhs of rupees. About the time this scheme was mooted Government offered Rs. 120 to each time-expired man to remain in India. Eight thousand men refused the bounty. Had they accepted it, it would have meant an expenditure of Rs. 9,60,000 or roughly Rs. 10,00,000, which it was possible to save by having local European and Eurasian regiments. The speaker then narrated several instances in which Eurasians had served Government loyally and usefully, notably during the Mutiny. In touching on the revisionary powers of the High Court, Mr. Hawkins said that while talking to a native one day on the subject, the latter stated that this power of the High Court had existed for a long time, but an outcry had been only raised because of Driver Catley and Mr. Fox's case. The speaker concluded by saying that there was something radically wrong with the law, and proposing the following resolution, which Mr. Edmiston seconded, and was carried:—"This meeting views with concern and apprehension the exclusivism which exists in connection with the admission of domiciled Europeans and their descendants into the civil and military services of the country, and considers that efforts should be made for its removal, as also for the cancelling of those revisionary powers which now enable Indian High Court judges to punish a man thrice for one offence."

Mr. Denny proposed the following resolution. He made no remarks on it, he said, as the resolution spoke for itself:—"This meeting receives with pleasure the summarised account of the past doings of the United Railway and Government Servants' Association, and considers it high time that the Association be assisted in its efforts to bring about greater unity and combination among the working classes of India."

Mr. M. Tindall in seconding the resolution, spoke at great length, giving a glowing account of the Association and the benefits it conferred, both on Europeans and Eurasians. The memorial, he said, would be sent to some member of Parliament, most probably Sir Roper Lethbridge, in order that the disabilities complained of should be brought prominently before the British public. Nothing could be expected from the Government of India, and the battle must therefore be fought on English soil. The British public do not know what their brethren are suffering here. (Applause.)

A vote of thanks to the president was then carried by acclamation. Before separating all present stood up and sung two verses of the National Anthem.

THE LIABILITY OF SUITORS TO ARREST.

THE decision of Mr. Justice Kernan last evening, in regard to the arrest of Mr. Gribble, late C. S., will commend itself to most persons as being consistent with justice, or fair play. Here was a man who had come all the way back from England to defend a suit against him in the High Court to-day. He arrived in Bombay a few days ago; proceeded thence to Bangalore; and on Monday arrived in Madras for the purpose of instructing his solicitors in connection with the case that was pending. Thereupon he was arrested on a warrant of the High Court for certain law costs, amounting to Rs. 1,700, of the solicitors of the plaintiffs. He was taken before Mr. Justice Kernan, and his counsel, Mr. Norton, submitted that the arrest was illegal. The learned Judge requested Mr. Norton to look up precedents, and his Lordship adjourned the hearing until yesterday afternoon when Mr. Norton appeared with a formidable number of authorities. He relied chiefly, however, upon a decision of the House of Lords in regard to the case of a man who had gone from Ireland to London on the 14th or 15th January, in connection with a suit that he expected to be heard in March or April, but which, as opened, was not posted for hearing until the 22nd may. On the 9th may he was arrested, and the House of Lords decided that as the attendance of the suitor was *bona fide* he was entitled to privilege from arrest. Mr. Norton argued that Mr. Gribble had acted in good faith, and in a reasonable manner. He might have added that had Mr. Gribble been desirous to shirk his pecuniary obligations, he would not have deliberately walked into the net of the other side. Mr. Gribble is an ex-Judge, and is supposed to know something of law. He has no business in Madras apart from his defence of the suit brought against him. Mr. Grant, the learned counsel for the plaintiff, said, that if Mr. Gribble wanted to avoid being arrested he should have kept within the walls of his residence, and not have driven about Madras, and have gone on his solicitors to give on them instructions. Mr Grant was once a solicitor, and he would have felt very aggrieved had any client of his in Mr. Gribble's position not have gone to him to give instructions, on the very eve of the trial of a case of considerable moment about which that client had gone personally all the way to England for evidence. Mr Justice Kernan considered that when once the day was fixed for hearing the case Mr. Gribble was free to come to Madras, even though he came here, as Mr. Grant complained, for purposes of his own personal convenience, namely, to instruct his solicitors. The judge held that Mr. Gribble had come from Bangalore to Madras within a reasonable time of the hearing of the case, and that in accordance with the principle laid down in the House of Lords case he was protected. This is nothing but reasonable. However much a plaintiff may relish to win a suit he should not be indisposed to concede to the defendant all reasonable opportunity for defending himself. Supposing Mr. Gribble were a very poor man, that the bill of costs seemed to him to be excessive, that he had not the means to meet it, that he was morally convinced that the case pending would be decided in his favour, would it not be hard of a rich plaintiff to clap him into the Civil Jail, and place considerable difficulty in the way of his instructing his solicitors? We presume that Mr. Gribble has what he considers a good reason for not settling the bill on presentation, until it has been taxed, until the case against him has come off. Be that as it may, his conduct in returning from England to Madras does not look like the conduct of a man who wants to give his adversaries, or creditors, "leg bail." It was a pity, then, to try to run him in.—*Madras Mail.*

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Govt. Gazette*, Oct. 29.)

MISCELLANEOUS APPOINTMENTS, &c.

Messrs E T Richardson and B G Sathe respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Huzur Deputy Collr, Satara, on the 14th inst.

Rao Saheb Balkrishna Ramchandra Tipnis, first grade Mamlatdar on special Forest duty, Satara, to revert to his substantive appointment as Mamlatdar of Taluka Valva in the Satara Dist.

Rao Saheb Yeshwant Moreshwar Raje, substantive pro tem first grade Mamlatdar doing duty at Valva in Satara, to revert to the second grade and return to the Kopargaon Taluka of the Ahmednagar Dist.

Rao Saheb Ramchandra Govind Mangrulkar, second grade Mamlatdar, is transferred on public grounds from Kopargaon in Ahmednagar to the Malsiras Taluka of the Sholapur Dist.

Rao Saheb Vishwanath Narayen Bhat, substantive pro tem second grade Mamlatdar of Tasgaon in the Satara Dist, to revert to the third grade, remaining at Tasgaon.

Rao Saheb Sakharam Chimnaji Joshi to be third grade Mamlatdar, continuing in the Junnar Taluka of the Poona Dist.

Rao Saheb Janardan Eknath to be Probationary fourth grade Mamlatdar, remaining at Jamner in the Khandesh Dist.

Mr Balaji Gangadhar Sathe and Mr G G Dodgson respectively delivered over and received charge of the Huzur Treasury and Account Office and the office of the Huzur Depy Collr, Satara, on the 17th inst.

Mr W F Sinclair, Forest Settlement and Demarcation Officer, Colaba, resumed charge of his duties on return from privilege leave on the 10th inst.

Rao Saheb Krishnaji Ballal Deval, fourth grade Mamlatdar of Kumta in the Kanara Dist, is transferred to Karajgi in the Dharwar Dist, vice Rao Saheb Gururao Ramchandra Mokasi, appointed to act as Daftardar to the Collr of Kanara.

Rao Saheb Krishnaji Gururao, L C E, Head Karkun, Gadag, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Khanapur in the Belgaum Dist during the absence of Rao Saheb Bindurao Anant Almelkar on privilege leave for two months and twenty days.

In consequence of the transfer of Rao Saheb Krishnaji Ballal Deval, fourth grade Mamlatdar, from Kumta in the Kanara Dist to Karajgi in the Dharwar Dist, the following temporary arrangement has been ordered:—Rao Saheb Shripad Govind Joshi, pro tem. fourth grade Mamlatdar of Honavar in the Kanara Dist, is transferred to Kumta on being relieved by Rao Saheb Govind Venkatesh Datar, Probationary fourth grade Mamlatdar, on special duty in connection with the City Survey, Dharwar; and Rao Saheb Venkatesh Bhimrao Bhandiwad, BA (H S), Head Karkun, Bagevadi in the Bijapur Dist, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Kumta till relieved by Rao Saheb Shripad Govind Joshi.

The following transfers have ordered on public grounds, during the absence on leave of Rao Saheb Shantaya Manjunath, second grade Mamlatdar of Gadag in the Dharwar Dist:—Rao Saheb Rachapa Virapa, pro tem. second grade Mamlatdar, from Indi in the Bijapur Dist to Gadag in the Dharwar Dist; Rao Saheb Govind Vithal Deshpande, Acting fourth grade Mamlatdar, from Sersi in the Kanara Dist to Indi.

Rao Saheb Narayan Govind Nadgir, Actg fourth grade Mamlatdar, from Yellapur to Sirsi; and Rao Saheb Pandurang Narayan (H S), Native Accountant, Belgaum, is appointed to act as fourth grade Mamlatdar of Yellapur in the Kanara Dist.

Mr. Jehangir Dossbhoy Framji assumed charge of the office of the Assist Collr of Customs in charge Export and Opium Depts on the 16 inst.

Mr Jehangir Manekji Cursetji returned to duty on the 12th inst, from the privilege leave granted to him by Govt Notification No 6015, dated the 20th Aug last.

Messrs Cowasji Cursetji Jamsetji and Jehangir Manekji Cursetji respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Assist Collr of Salt Revenue in charge Ratnagiri Range on the 20th inst.

Messrs C Pogson and J S E Manly respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assist Collr of Salt Revenue in charge Alibag Range on the 19th inst.

Surgn-Major F C Barker and Surgn E Tully respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Supt of Vaccination, Western Gujarat Circle, on the 15th Oct 1885.

Rahimatallah Bulu, second grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Hyderabad Zilla, is granted privilege leave from 23rd Sept to 6th Nov 1885 inclusive, and Shankram Suratsing is appointed to act for him.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steam-ship Eastbourne, 1,508 tons, Captain J Watson, sailed yesterday for Dunkirk with a general cargo.

THE Clan Line steam-ship Clan Forbes, 1,530 tons, Captain J A Guard, will sail to-day for Port Said with a general cargo.

THE barque Johann Carl, 499 tons, Captain Shumann, will sail to-day for Mauritius with a general cargo and 30 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Chanda, 1,395 tons, Captain J R Gavin, which arrived in harbour on the 29th inst. from Coast and Calcutta, brought a general cargo and the following passengers:—Rev Mr, Mrs, and Miss Clark, Bishop Caprottee and 30 deck passengers.

THE Anchor Line steam-ship Victoria, 2,267 tons, Captain W Russell, sails to-day for Marseilles with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Miss Wilson, Mrs McCausland, Mr and Mrs Field and 2 children, Mrs Talbot, Dr. Fethersionhaugh, Revd, Spin and Mrs Spin.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Arabia, 971 tons, Captain W H Rothwell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh via Kurrachee with a general cargo, 12 chests opium, 87 horses and the following passengers:—Maj Higginson, R A, Col Clifford, Lt Williams, French, and Mosse, Mr F J Cleeve, Mrs C Renan, Miss and Mrs D'Costa, Mr F D'Costa, Mr Garner and 146 deck passengers.

THE following is the list of passengers per Italian mail-steamer Manilla, Captain A. Crucciani, sailing on Sunday the 1st November, 1885, at noon. For Genoa.—Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Harvared and 2 children, Lady Macgregor and one child, Mrs. E. J. McNair, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Hight, Major Hammond, 2 Missionaries, Mr. W. A. Wallinger, Mr. K. Banks, Mr. G. A. Hight, Miss Little, Col. and Mrs. Malcolm Clerk, Conte G. De Nobile, Major J. A. McNeale, Mrs. H. F. Jones and 2 infants, one European nurse, Mr. C. Boniface. For Port Said—2 deck passengers. For Suez—3 deck passengers. For Aden—Mrs. Henry Morland, child and ayas, and 18 deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
30	Arabia (s) ..... H. M.'s Malabar.	Rothwell .. Paget	Busreh, Oct. 19. Portsmouth, Sept. 30

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander	Destinatn.
30	Burmah (s)	Mitchell	K. Coasts & Kurrachee.
	Bhownuggur (s)...	Nacoda	Bhownuggur.
	Assam (s)	Coie	Trieste, &c.
	Eastbourne (s)	Watson	Dunkirk.
	I. M. S. Canning...	Croagh	Madras.

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday:—
Steamer Clan Forbes, Guard, for Port Said.
" Victoria, Russell, for Marseilles.
Barque Johann Carl, Shumanns, for Mauritius.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVAL.

Oct.
26 Engineer (s) .....Jeffery.....Liverpool, Sept. 25.

DEPARTURES.

October 26.—Ships Craigburn and Baron Colonsay.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.
28 Peshwa (s) .... Calcutta.
Secundra (s) .... Bombay.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.
27 Australia (s) .... Calcutta.
Clan Macgregor (s) .... London.

DAILY IMPORTS.—OCTOBER 30.

FROM GLASGOW.

Victoria s—74 cases sewing machines, 2 cases posters, 1 case mineral oil, and 1 case cotton thread, N M Patell.
Clan Forbes; 20 cases whisky, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Victoria s—5 hogsheads brandy, Dhajibhoy Dadabhoy.
Merton Hall s—Hogsheads stout, Dajibhoy Dadabhoy; 15 cases liqueurs, Ralli Brothers.

FROM LONDON.

Thames s—4 cases soap and 1 case toilette requisite, Joma Sacoo.
Rome s—158 packages loaf sugar, provision, glassware, &c., Treacher and Co; 26 cases aniline dye, Gosalli Mooljee.
Laleham s—6 cases silvered plate glass, Mervanji Nowroji.
Yeddo s—100 drums linseed oil, M M Mody and Co; 10 cases window glass, Sumsoodin Rabooji.
Teelin Head s—5 cases butter, Essoofally Rassoolje; 10 packages glassware, T Noor Mahomed; 75 drums linseed oil, T M Tazkhanjee; 25 packages earthenware H A C H Tyeb; 400 bundles yellow metal sheets, 767 bundles copper sheets and 198 bales copper, Ralli Bros; 100 drums linseed oil, N Shurafally and Co; 50 cases matches, A Dawoodkhan; 19 cases oilmanstores, the Exports Agency and Co; 110 cases matches, Naboobhoy Mahomedally; 4 packages chemicals, Phillips and Co.
Ravenna s—2 hogsheads brandy, D Cowasjee.
Duke of Devonshire s—20 cases brandy, Framjee Artesir Davur and Sons.
Malwa s—102 cases genova, D Cowasjee.

FROM ANTWERP.

Yeddo s—6 cases dry colour, T Fazoolabhoy; 600 cases candles, Hasam Ahmed; 25 casks salammoniac, Hurridas Gocouldas; 250 boxes candles, A Ramaljee; 12 packages glassware, S Bharmul; 18 packages glassware, T Ismail; 34 cases window-glass, A Noorbhoy; 35 cases yellow metal sheeting, N Lalchand; 15 bales straw boards, A Dawoodkhan; 12 packages glassware, M Jaffer; 300 barrels alum, E Allibhoy; 210 cases window-glasses, S Manockjee; 221 kegs paint, N Surafally; 350 boxes candles, F Ardsur Davur and sons; 100 boxes candles, A H Hajtola; 422 cases window-glass, A Noorbhoy; 22 cases saude-cologne, Brandenburg and Co; 17 packages glassware, Ruttonsey Dewraj.

FROM HULL.

Yeddo s—5 kildorkins beer, Lyon and Co.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Malwa s—30 cases brandy, D F Batha and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, October 29.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·894
Temperature of the Air	83·1
Wet Blub Thermometer	72·3
Dew Point	67·6
Relative humidity of Air	·602
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8).	2·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.) ..	89·5
Minimum do. do (read at 10 a.m.) ..	74·8
General Directions of Wind ..	NE, NNE, ENE, NNW, N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours"	234

" From midnight to midnight.

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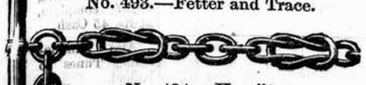

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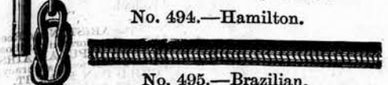

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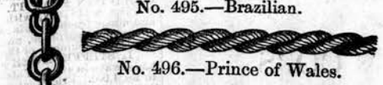

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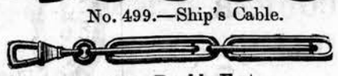

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Keyless Watches to wind and set hands without a key.
Open-face with strong oval or flat Crystal glasses.

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„ 24	Do. do. Lever Escapement	30

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To wind and set hands without a key, open-face, with strong oval of Crystal glass.

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„ 26	With Lever Escapement	... 42
„ 27	In Hunter or Half-hunter, Jewelled Horizontal Movements ...	29
„ 28	With Lever Movements, first quality	60

LADIES' GENEVA WATCHES.
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„ 33	In Hunter or Half-hunter, Jewelled Horizontal Movements ...	29
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Of Superior Manufacture and Firstrate Time-keepers.

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To wind and set hands without a key.

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„ 66	Of Superior Manufacture from	125 to 150

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.
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„ 70	Keyless Open-face	200
„ 71	Hunter or Half-hunter	220

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Of the finest Manufacture and Adjustments for Racing and Astronomical Purposes, Silver

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„ 78	Do. do. Gold	300

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